

WHO WE ARE AND WHAT WE DO

Who We Are and Where We Work











People impacted > 1.8 million

Watershed Villages 1,997

Project Villages 3,599

NGO Partners 189

States 7

Area covered > 1.3 million ha

People trained > 350,000

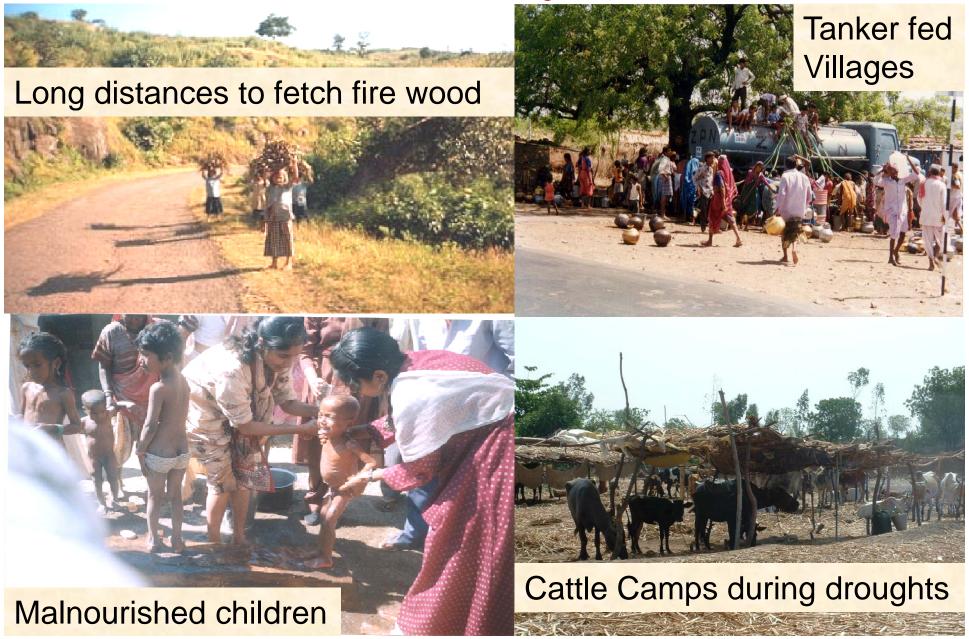
Support provided to Projects in Somaliland, Kenya, Tanzania and Malawi .

Building Adaptive Capacities of Rural Communities to Climate Change in Rainfed Regions of India



The Context and Problem

The Effects of Environmental Degradation and Water Scarcity



Climate Change in Semi-Arid, Drylands

Scale of the Problem

- Today 1.7 billion people are water stressed around the world, by 2025 the population would be over 3 billion.
- 50% of the Earth is made of semi-arid and hot arid lands
- 58 % of India is arid, semi-arid, hot sub-humid; 70% agriculture is raindependent

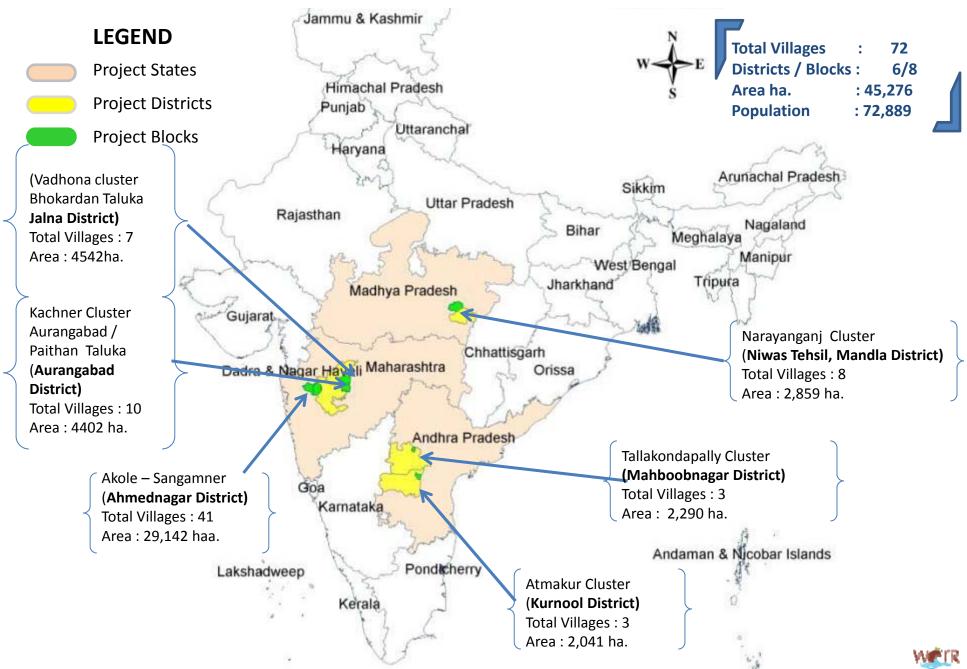
Key Impacts

- Rising Temperatures heat stress, increased Evapo-transpiration
- Irregular weather patterns and increased extreme events

The Challenge: How Do You.....

- Reduce Risks and Build Resilience?
- Enhance Adaptive Capacities?
- Go Beyond Coping to Increased Well being and Sustainable Economic Development?
- Up-scale and Replicate a Winning Strategy?

WOTR's Climate Change Adaptation Project



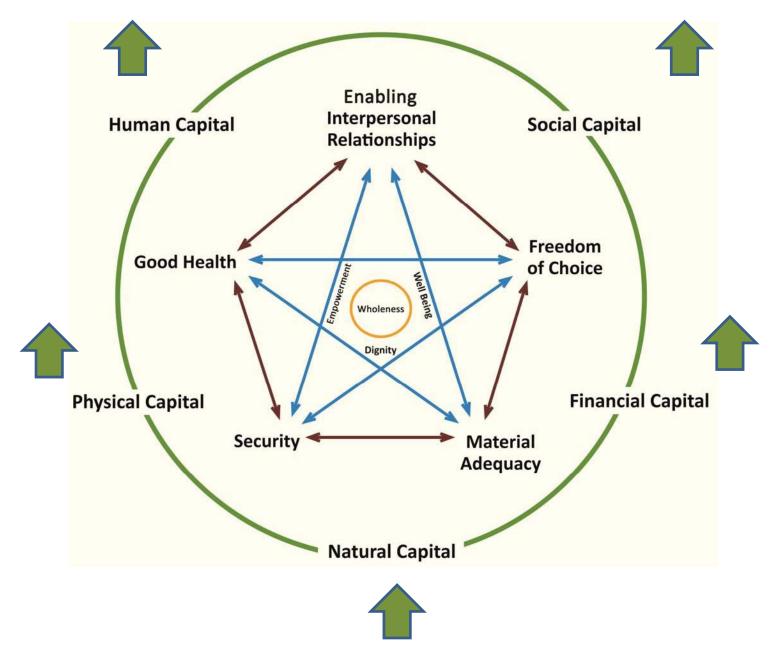
KEY INTERVENTIONS AND MEASURES

- Integrated Ecosystems/ Watershed Management
- IWRM Water Budgeting and Enhanced Water Use Efficiency
- Adaptive Sustainable Agriculture for Food Security and Income
- Climate Smart Agriculture Weather based Crop Advisories
- Bio-diversity Conservation
- Disaster Risk Mitigation Contingency Plans
- Alternative and Renewable Energy
- Sustainable livelihoods
- Gender and Women's empowerment
- Tool Kits and Technology enabled Monitoring systems.
- Knowledge Generation/Action Research/Dissemination
- Capacity Building/ Training
- Policy Advocacy and Dialogue



WOTR's Approach and Perspective

The WOTR Engine for Adaptive Sustainable Development





Watershed Development and Ecosystems Management



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MEASURES - AREA TREATMENTS





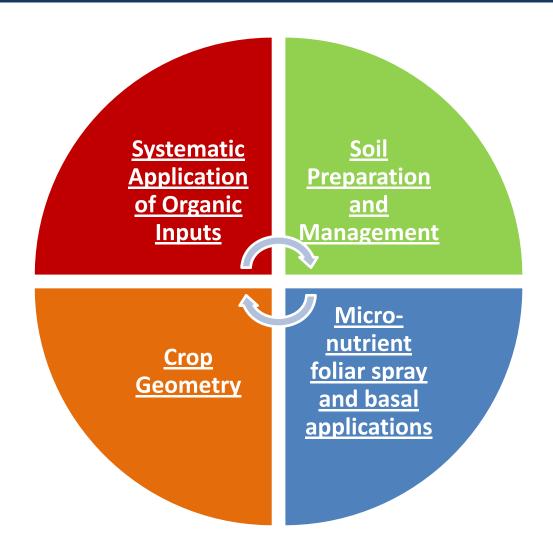
Adaptive Sustainable Agriculture for Small Holder Farmers



Adaptive Sustainable Agriculture



System of Crop Intensification (SCI)



SCI – A 4 step approach to enhancing productivity of both soil & crop yields

On Field Interventions – Learning By Doing

- WaterEfficiencyEnhancingSystems
- AgroAdvisories
- Farmer Field Schools
- Field Exposure
 Trips for
 learning and
 Results
 Validation











Agro-Meteorology: Making Farming Climate-Smart

Locale- Specific Meteorological Information





Automated Weather Station



Automated Weather Stations installed in 70 villages

Weather information displayed on boards in villages

Awareness creation amongst villagers

Agro-Meteorology software developed for processing hourly data





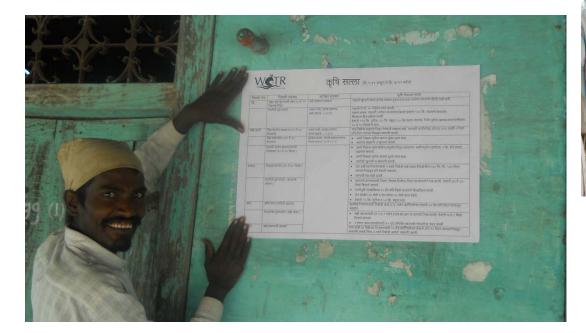
Agro Advisories



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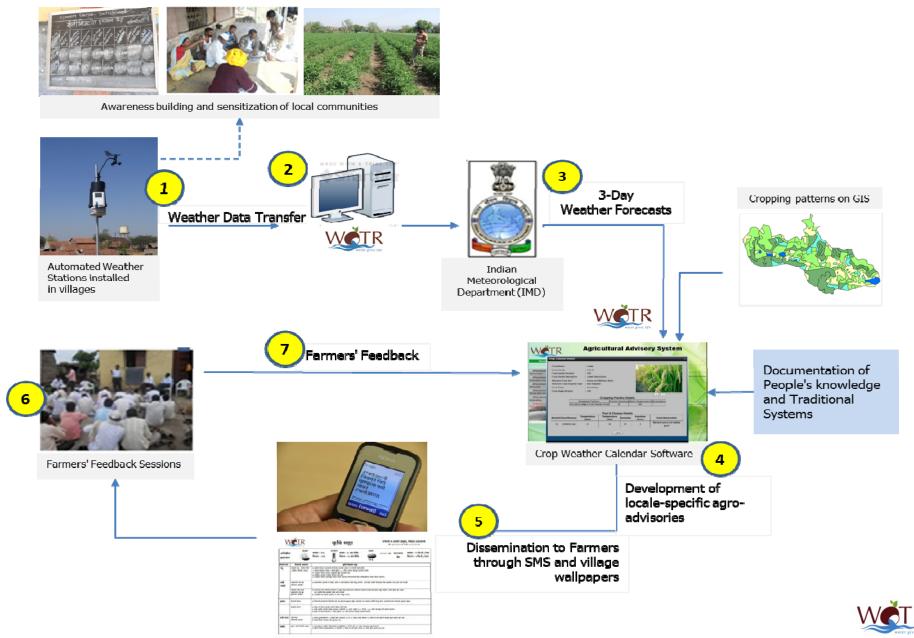
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Weather based, Crop and Locale Specific Agro-Advisory Provisioning: A Systems Diagram



Bio Diversity Conservation

People's Biodiversity Registers











Women's Empowerment, Health, Sanitation, Nutrition, Child Growth, Drinking Water and Alternative Energy

Nutrition, Health and Hygiene Promotion





- Anemia (concept, causes, signs and symptoms, treatment and prevention) + Hb testing camps
- Training and Capacity Building on Growth Monitoring (information on height and weight of children of 0-5 years, maintaining registers, filling up growth charts)
- Meeting nutritional needs by growing, using locally available foods and adopting healthy cooking practices
- Promotion of Sanitation and Hygiene













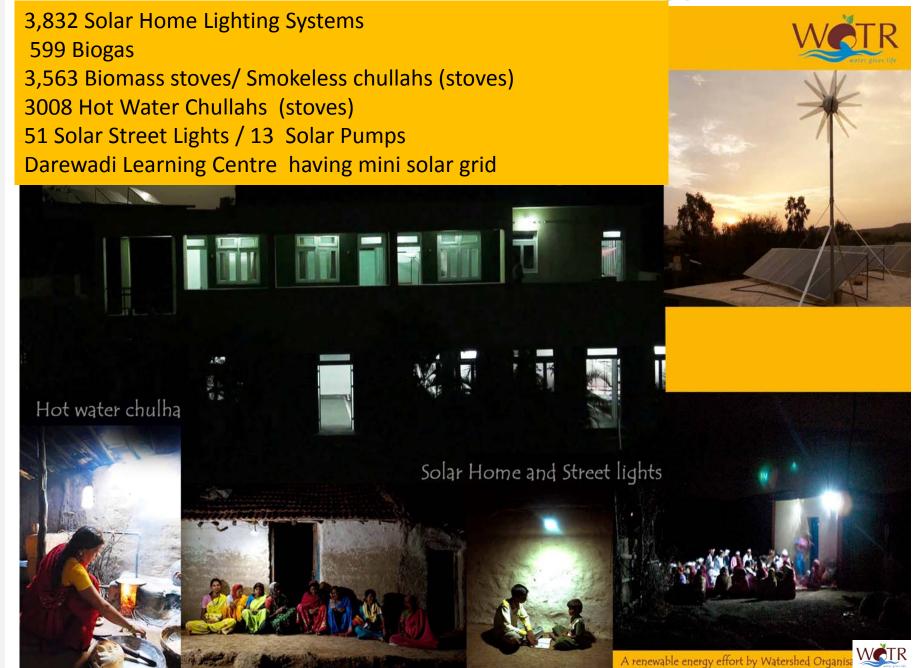








Alternate & Renewable Energy



Participatory Tools and Approaches: Scaling Up with Feet on the Ground

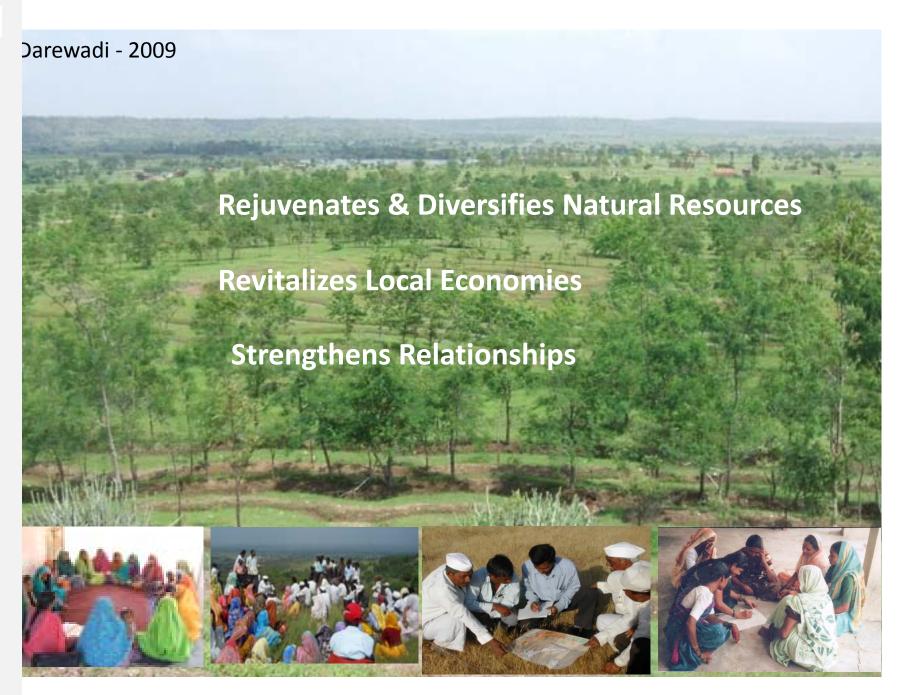
WOTR has developed/ adapted the following Tools and Frameworks for Context Assessment and Decision Making:

- CoDriVE- PD: A Vulnerability Assessment Tool
- CoDriVE LA: A Livelihoods and Project Adjustment Tool
- CoDriVE- VI: Participatory 3-D Modeling (P3DM)
- CoDriVE-Health: Climate-Smart Health Assessment
- People's Biodiversity Register (PBR)
- Children's Biodiversity Register (CBR)
- Community Disaster Risk Management (CDRM)
- IT-enabled, GIS and RS supported Decision Support Systems

IMPACTS







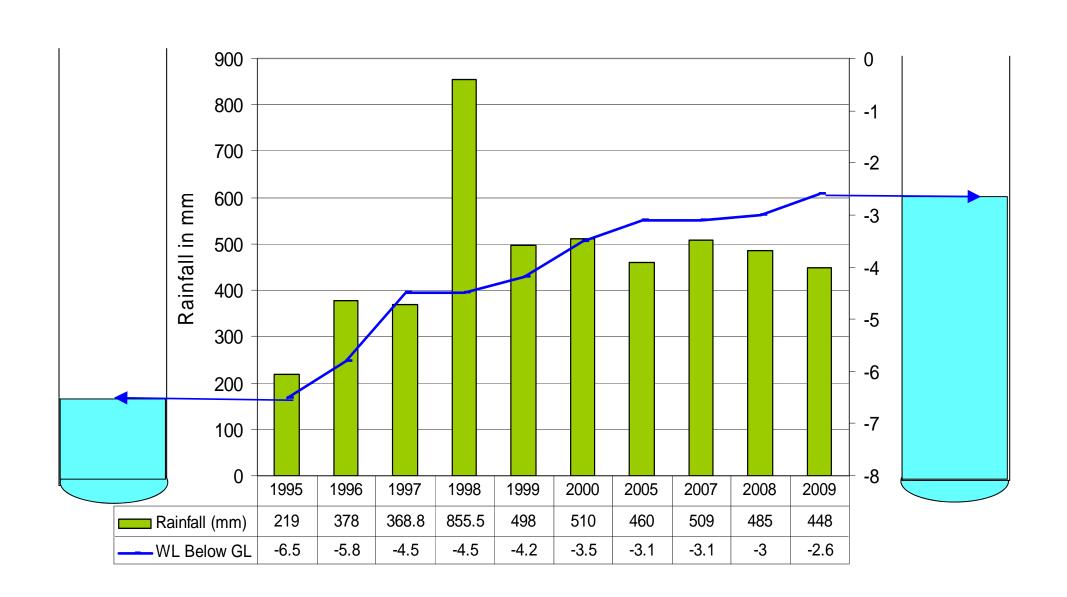


Water Shortages: Fading Memories

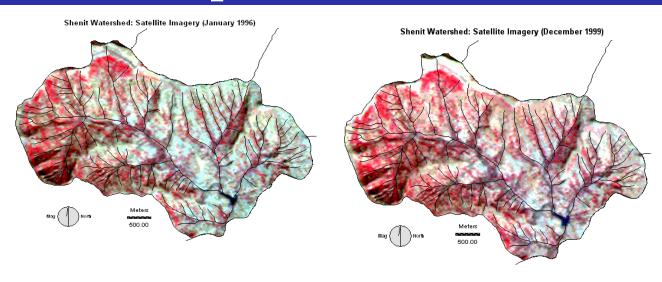


Impact Details

Rainfall – Water Table Relationship (1996 – 2009)



The Impacts of Watershed Development



Barren land decreased by 74% despite a 32% decline in rainfall.

A study of 15 villages revealed the following:

- Productive wells increased by 29%
- Area under irrigation increased by 233%
- Cropped area increased by 25%
- Agriculture employment went from 4 to 10 months / year locally (150% increase)
- Distress migration declined by 84%
- Milk production increased by 143%
- Production of Food crops by 65%
- Vegetable production by 64%



SCI Crop Demonstrations





Increased Resilience to Climate Change



















Some Policy Impacts

- Capacity Building as a distinct and preparatory phase included in all Government and large-scale WSD Programmes in India
- The Watershed Development Fund (NWDF) set up by Govt. of India based on this approach developed under the IGWDP.
- Participatory Net Planning (PNP) for Soil and Water Conservation and Land Use Planning adopted in Govt. Programs
- Secured permission to treat Govt. Forest land
- The Resource Agency Concept has been adopted by the Govt. of India in the country-wide Integrated Watershed Management Program (IWMP)
- The Public-Private-Civil Society Partnership Model for implementing the MGNREGA Program has been adopted and scaled by Govt. of Maharashtra
- Cluster Facilitation Team Approach for MGNREGA adopted by GOI for upscaling in 250 Blocks in the country

HOW IT IS DONE: PUTTING PEOPLE AT THE CENTRE

An Inclusive Community Involvement

- The Village chooses to implement the project (self-selection)
- Agree to non-negotiable disciplines
- Village institutions involved:
 - General Village Body (Gram Sabha of all adult members)
 - Village Council and the Village Development Committee (representative of all communities including landless poor)
 - Women's Self-Help Groups & their Apex Body
 - Forest Protection Committee & others







What is done: Community Engagement

- Village Envisioning
- Vulnerability Assessment
- Water Budgeting
- Bio-Diversity and Hazard Assessment
- Capacity Building
- Planning and Implementation Strategy
- Adopting a "Systems Approach"
- > Implementation
- Accountability: Accounts, Records and Reporting
- Participatory Impact Monitoring & Peer Group Assessment









What is done: Important Aspects for continued Community Engagement & Sustainability

Key Issues consciously addressed:

- Inclusiveness and equity (community takes responsibility)
- Women's Empowerment
- Transparency and Accountability

Plan for Sustainability:

- Maintenance Fund
- Water Use Efficiency





- Environmentally Friendly and Climate Smart Agriculture
- Sustainable Value Chains that return fair value to producers
- Linkages with government and other service providers
- Addressing related issues (eg renewable energy; rural tourism)



Multi-Institutional, Multi-Sectoral, Multi-Actor Partnerships

- At the local/village Level: Representative Bodies which are embedded in Local Government structures
- <u>At the regional and state level</u>: Government departments and line ministries.
- At the political and bureaucracy level: Engagement with elected representatives and decision makers at all levels
- <u>Collaboration with Knowledge and Technology Institutions</u>: Agriculture Universities, National Institutions involved in supporting State and National Action Adaptation Plans, International Organisations

Some Key Requirements

- Clearly defined Roles, Functions and Responsibilities between collaborating Institutions/ Partners
- Complementary Funding Sources
- South-South North exchanges for Knowledge and Experience sharing influence international conventions and frameworks related to CCA.
- Development of a Pedagogy for Up-Scaling and Replication

Managing It All

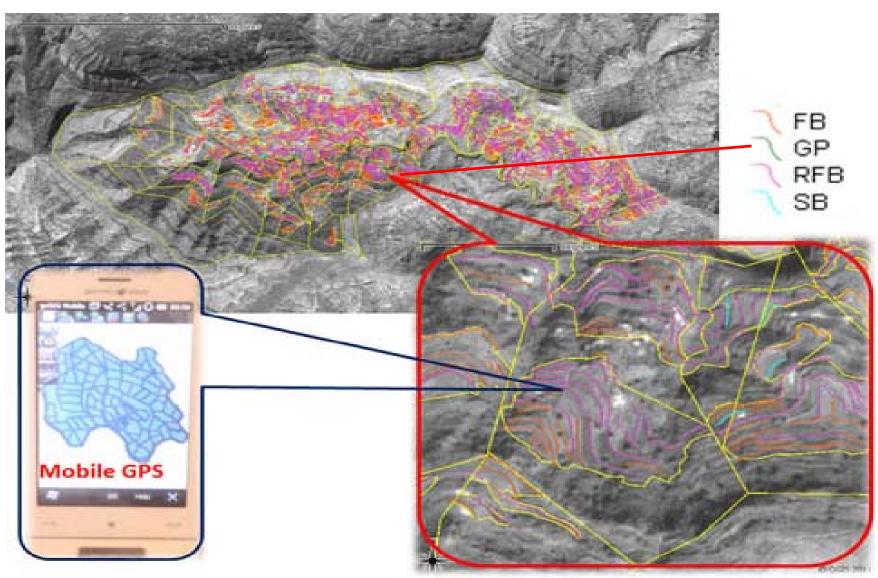
IT- enabled, GIS and Remote Sensing – supported Decision Support,
Documentation and Monitoring
Systems

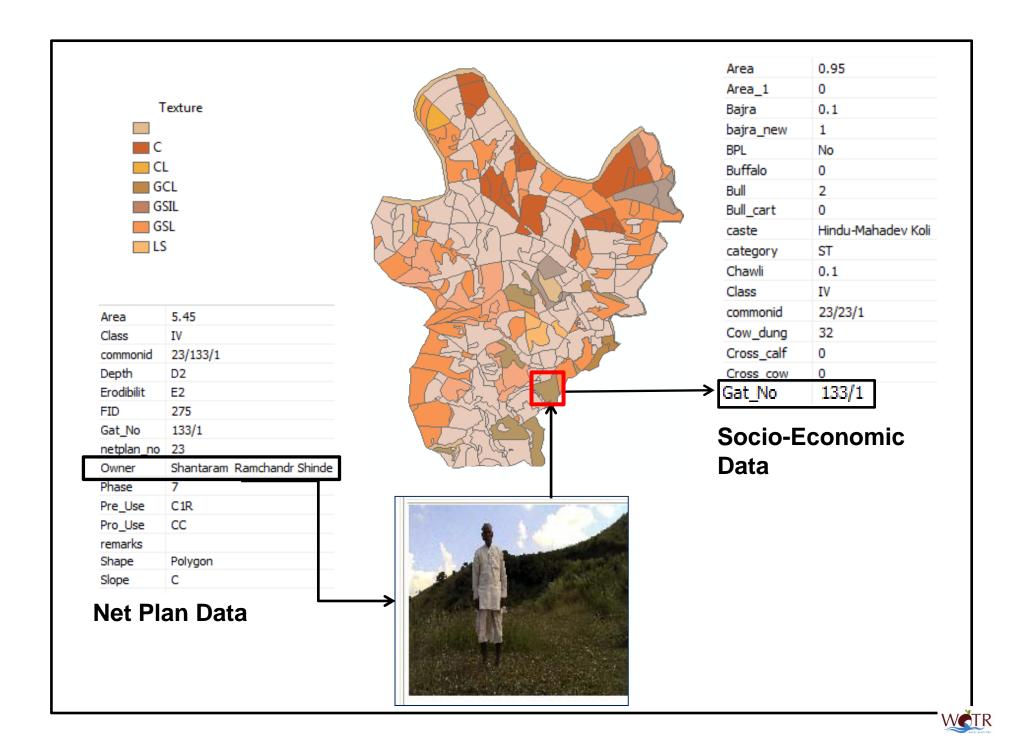


Socio Technical Approach

Using Technology for Context Assessment & Decision making

Net Planning using Mobile GPS







Catching Rain Everywhere... @ www.wotr.org