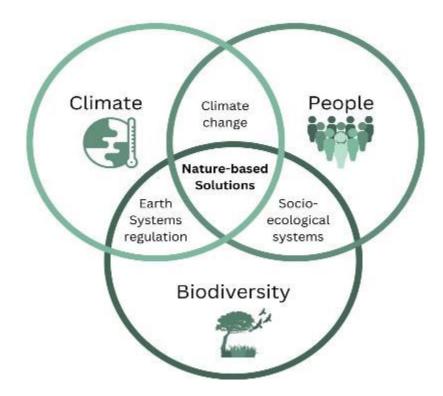


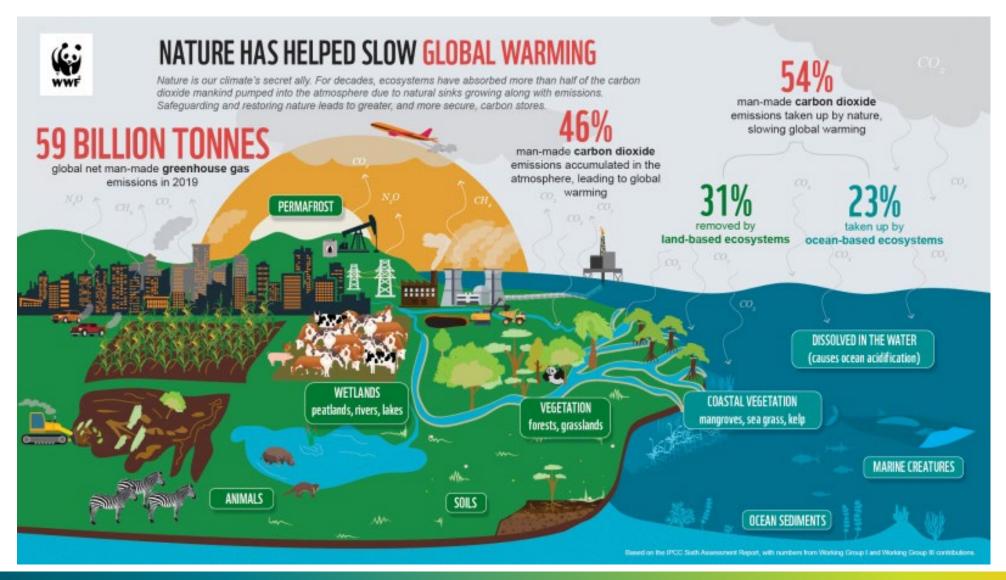
Nature as a Frontier Climate Solution



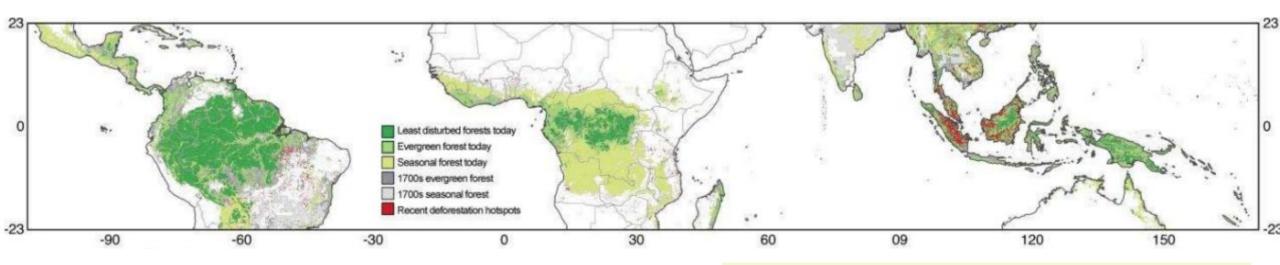
The world faces a dual crisis of climate change & biodiversity loss

- MDB COP 26 Joint Statement on Nature, People and Planet
- 1 million species at risk of extinction
- Climate change accelerates
 nature loss, and vice versa
- Over 50% of GDP depends on nature, but NbS receives <3% of climate finance

Nature's Role in Slowing Climate Change



Critical Ecosystems Approaching Tipping Points



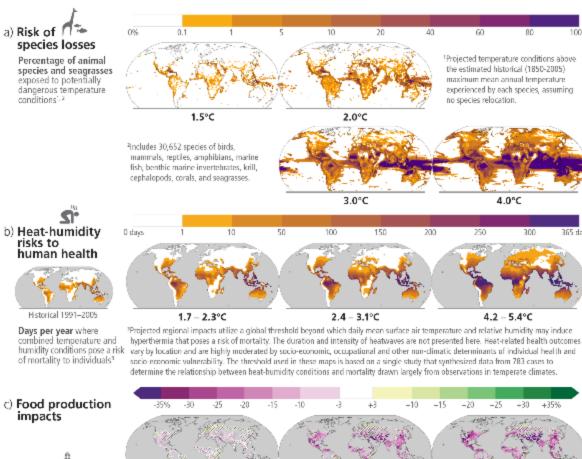
- Amazon, Congo Basin and Asian forests regulate global rainfall patterns, carbon storage and climate stability
- These ecosystems are interconnected and nearing tipping
 point threatening their function as vital carbon sinks
- Their collapse could trigger runaway climate change, food insecurity and economic disruptions worldwide

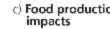
There is a growing recognition of the role
NbS can play protect, restore and manage
ecosystems for its multiple benefits –
climate mitigation and adaptation,
economic development and livelihoods,
biodiversity conservation and ecosystem
regulation

Climate Change Impacts Require Adaptation Approaches

Future climate change is projected to increase the severity of impacts across natural and human systems and will increase regional differences

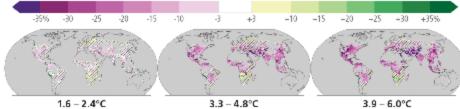
Examples of impacts without additional adaptation







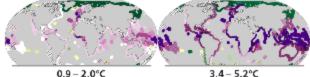
c1) Maize vield4 Changes (%) in yield



Projected regional impacts reflect biophysical responses to changing temperature, precipitation, solar radiation, humidity, wind, and CO₂ enhancement of growth and water retention in currently cultivated areas. Models assume that irrigated areas are not water-limited. Models do not represent pests, diseases, future agro-technological changes and some extreme climate responses.



Changes (%) in maximum catch potential



Areas with little or no production, or not assessed

///// Areas with model disagreement

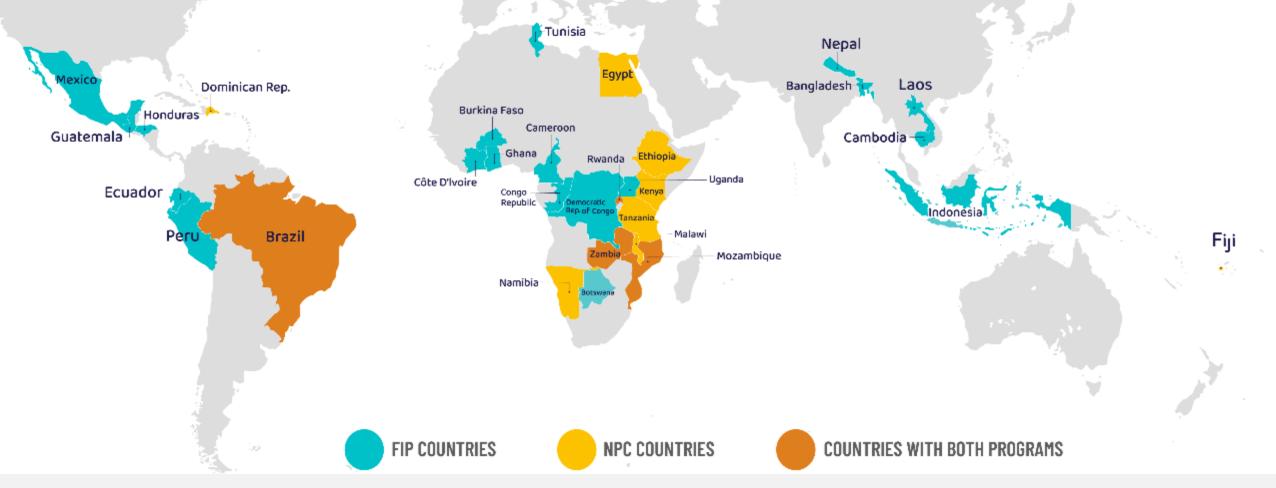
Projected regional impacts reflect fisheries and marine ecosystem responses to ocean physical and biogeochemical conditions such as temperature, oxygen level and net primary production. Models do not represent changes in fishing activities and some extreme climatic conditions. Projected changes in thea Arctic regions have low confidence due to uncertainties associated with modelling multiple interacting drivers and ecosystem responses.

CIF's Nature Portfolio

2 programs covering 23 countries

(two overlapping - Brazil, Mozambique)

≈ **1.2 billion** in financing



Through the Forest Investment Program (FIP) and the Nature, People and Climate Program (NPC), CIF works to protect vital ecosystems

FIP Program

US\$ 770M

By Region	Total Portfolio Funding	Total Portfolio Project Count
Asia	\$98.52M	8
Latin America & Caribbean	\$216.08M	22
Sub-Saharan Africa	\$300.94M	24
Global	\$9.3M	3
MENA Region	\$31.5M	2
Total	\$656.34M	59

People receiving livelihood co-benefits 11 Countries

3 million



Forests in Ghana

FIP accounted for 18% of the US\$9.5 billion in public international climate mitigation finance for forests from 2010-2022

Sustainability of FIP Projects



Carbon Deals

- In over 50% of the first round of countries, REDD+ payments were unlocked with FIP's bridging finance and process support.
- Additional finance for REDD+ was secured through Global Environment Facility & Central Africa Forest Initiative,



MDB Follow-On Financing

- Multilateral Development Banks (MDBs) have sustained and advanced FIP interventions after close out.
- In the Democratic Republic of Congo alone, over USD\$300M from the World Bank is building on FIP investments of USD\$84M.



Sticky Areas

- Private sector finance at scale
- Low government budgetary allocations to sustainable forest management
- Slow pace and scale to advance REDD+ readiness and to secure payments

DGM pioneered an approach to direct climate finance to IPs and LCs

US\$71M

committed by CIF

915 subgrants approved as of 2023 8%

of total direct finance to IPs and LCs for forest management (2009-19)

DGM was **designed by IPs and LCs for IPs and LCs**. Its benefits include:

- Builds capacity for grassroots community to lead climate solutions, spearhead projects, and solve issues facing their communities
- Builds a national body representing IPs and LCs that can be sustained beyond DGM
- Complements top-down govt efforts on shared priorities especially conservation, development and climate goals
- Supports gender inclusion by building women's leadership through training, income, and greater participation in community-level decisions



FIP IP Close-Outs

- Formally closes out programmatic results of FIP country IPs
- Three pilot IP Close-Outs held so far in 3 critical ecosystems: Indonesia (March 2024), Brazil (Oct 2024), and DRC (Dec 2024)
- Indonesia Transformed forest management unit governance and demonstrated viability of agroforestry and ANR approaches.
 - Nearly 240,000 people with livelihood benefits
- **Brazil** Pivotal in elevating importance of the Cerrado biome in policymaking & directly increasing its consideration nationally.
 - Vast reach of 26.8 million ha for SLM and DGM scaled up 3x
- **DRC** Effectively operationalized DRC's REDD+ strategy, bringing the country from preparations to results-based payments.
 - GHG impact at scale (> 30 million tCO₂ eq reduced/avoided through the IP (2x target))
- Next: Interactive, multi-media modules on CIF.org country pages will feature key country results and takeaways



Nature, People and Climate Program Portfolio

- Announced at Egypt Pavilion at COP27 in Sharm el-Sheikh
- High demand from developing countries
- Implementation Investment:

 8 countries with IP and
 Implementation funds: Brazil,
 Domincan Republic, Egypt, Ethiopia,
 Fiji, Kenya, Rwanda, Zambezi Basin
 Regional (led by Zambia, Malawi,
 Mozambique, Namibia, and Tanzania)
- Investment Plan Funding: Zambia, Namibia
- **Dedicated Grant Mechanism:** \$40m for 8 programs and Global Component



Key Elements of the NPC Program

NATURE

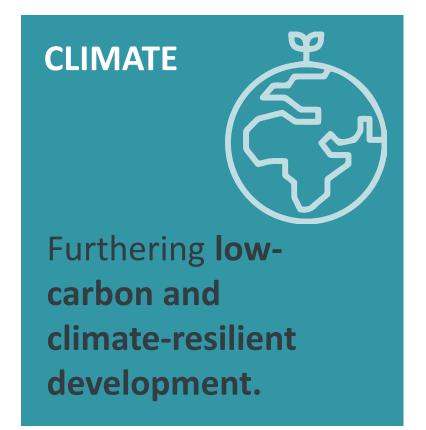


Employing ecosystem functions and processes ("nature") as a solution.

PEOPLE



Driven by benefits to the population of a defined landscape /seascape.



Evolution of FIP to Nature, People and Climate

Lessons	Learned from	FIP
	Eddillod II olli	

NPC Design

Design tied FIP's success to carbon market growth	NPC includes broader approaches including carbon markets e.g., wildlife bonds, biodiversity credits, payment for ecosystem services etc.	
FIP had a single focus on climate mitigation	NPC's design bridges mitigation and adaptation, in a demand driven approach requested by countries	
FIP focus on forests excluded ecosystems critical to climate mitigation and adaptation	NPC supports forest, agricultural and coastal ecosystems in an integrated landscape approach	
DGM design and results are highly relevant to IP&LC self-determination and forest protection	A DGM financing window is part of the NPC program	
FIP investments addressed small scale actors over large-scale drivers of deforestation	NPC's integrated landscape approach encourages design with greater systems-level thinking	
FIP had a low success rate in engaging the private sector	NPC investment plans demonstrate a far greater focus on private sector participation and consultation in design	

Nature-based Solutions provide Multiple Benefits

Nature-based Solutions bridge the gap between Adaptation and Mitigation while providing significant co-benefits for people and biodiversity

Simplified Examples



Natural forest regeneration sinks carbon



Protecting mangroves supports fish populations



Conserving natural ecosystems filters water



Cover crops improve soil health & sequester carbon



Managed wetlands support water supply



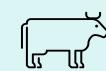
Managed forests mitigate soil erosion



Restoring mangroves sequesters carbon & reduces storm surge



Protecting biodiversity improves ecosystem adaptive capacity



Managed grazing regenerates degraded land & reduces GHGs



Agroforestry restoration sequesters carbon & improves soil health

Landscape: Connectivity, Threats and Approaches

UPPER WATERSHED FORESTED

LOWLAND INTENSIFICATION

PERIURBAN INTERFACE

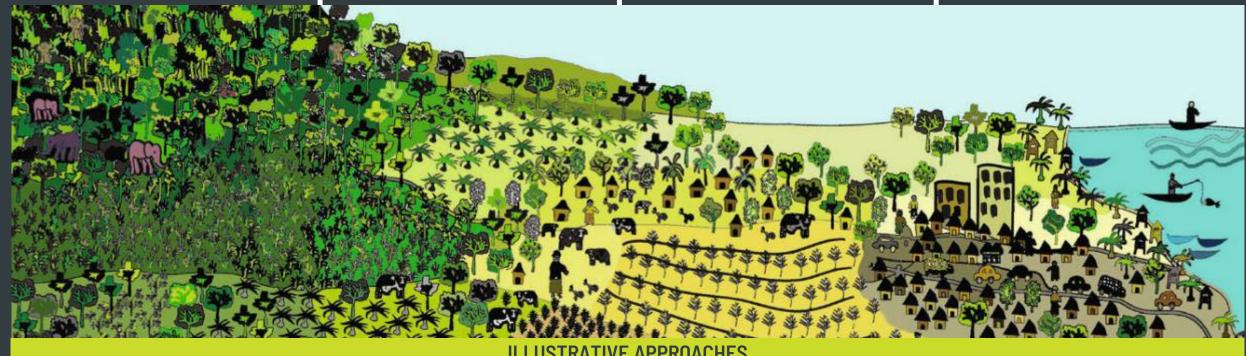
COASTAL ZONE

ILLUSTRATIVE THREATS

Smallholder & Industrial Ag expansion Land conversion/Biodiversity loss Soil retention/Sediment loads

Industrial Ag-Livestock/FW Fisheries Large farms /Industrial Estates/SMH Livelihood Vulnerability/Deforestation Farms/Industry Upstream Pollution/waste /water supply

Coastal fisheries/Fish Farming Pollution/sedimentation/CC impacts



ILLUSTRATIVE APPROACHES

Mixed cropping **Natural Forest Management** Forest set asides/REDD+

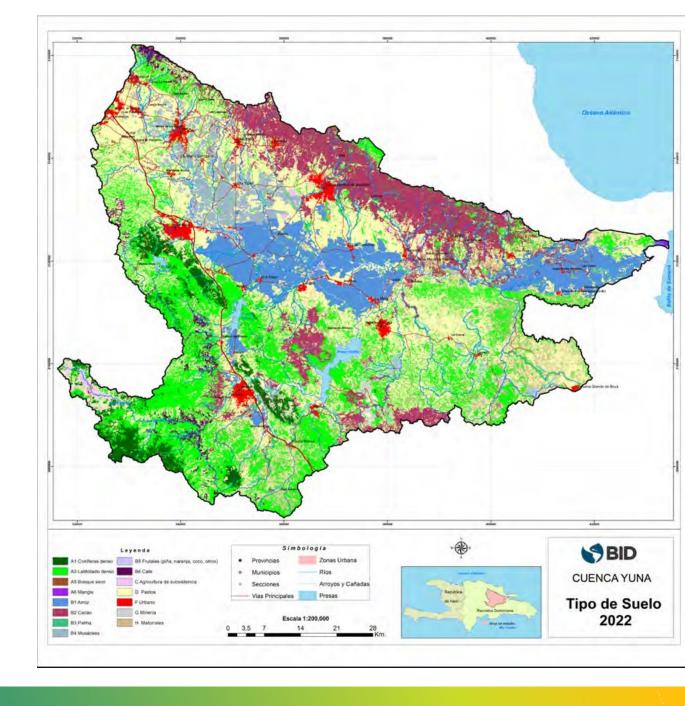
Climate Smart Agriculture Sustain Supply Chains/Agroforestry Reforestation/EBA/Integrated Farming Payment for Environmental Services Fresh water management

Mangrove & Coastal Restoration **Disaster Risk Reduction** Sustainable Aquaculture

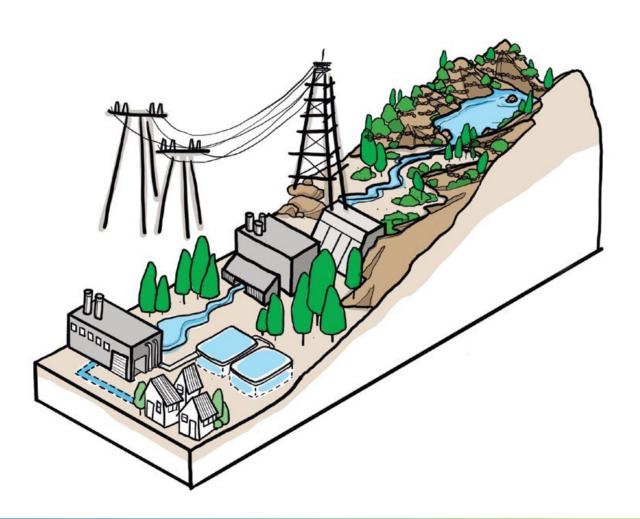
Emissions Reduced, Land and Community CC Resilience Strengthened, Livelihoods Improved

Landscape Approach: Connectivity of System





An Ecological Foundation Underpins Economic Investments



NPC Investment Plan Development Progress

Country/Program	Submitted	Status	
Brazil	January 2025	Posted for Review	
Dominican Republic	✓	Approved	
Egypt	April 2025		
Ethiopia	✓	Approved	
Fiji*	✓		
Kenya	January 2025	Posted for Review	
Namibia	April 2025		Fund USD \$3
Rwanda	✓	Approved	
Zambia	✓	Approved	Fund USD \$
Zambezi River Basin Regional	January 2025	Posted for Review	

Funding gap: JSD \$36 million

Funding gap: JSD \$14 million

NPC Missions



Kenya







Brazil

Zambia

Brazil's Nature, People, Climate Investment Plan

The USD **\$47M** plan aims to turn the **Tocantins-Araguaia Basin** from the 'Arc of Deforestation' to the 'Arc of Restoration':

- First fully private sector IP in the NPC.
 Funds will be on lent through the
 National Development Bank (BNDES)
- Supports multiple restoration models at the landscape level, with diverse partnerships from small cooperatives to large agribusiness exporters



Kenya's NPC Investment Plan

Kenya's USD **\$35M** approach focuses on protecting and investing in a **highly nature tourism dependent economy** through:

- Nature Capital to restore and manage ecological infrastructure
- Nature People to promote sustainable livelihoods
- Nature Ventures to stimulate private sector investment



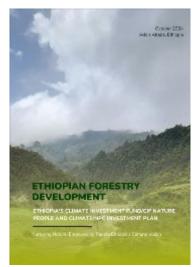
Zambezi River Basin NPC Investment Plan

- USD **\$60M** IP is the **joint vision of five riparian countries** *Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Tanzania and Zambia*
- The plan takes a *transboundary approach*to protect and manage shared ecosystems
 including forests, wetlands and peatlands
- The plan also invests in enhancing forestdependent community livelihoods, resilience of agricultural systems and building an enabling environment



Approved NPC Investment Plans (IP)

Ethiopia





Rwanda

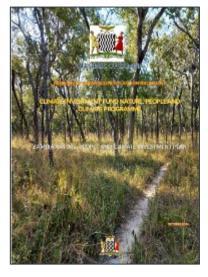
USD\$38M IP addressing food insecurity by:

- Building climate resilience for food and livelihoods in the Horn of Africa
- Climate action through landscape management
- Climate-smart agriculture, climate Resilience, and post-harvest loss reduction

USD\$31 million restoring community ag lands in Rwanda's poorest province:

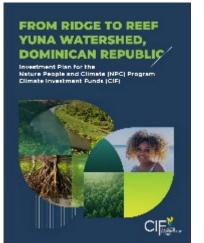
- Increasing forest management, restoration and protection of wetlands and climate resilient farming in the Kaduha-Gitwe Corridor
- Wildlife Conservation Bond:
 Restoration of parks that are home to iconic wildlife like chimpanzees.

Zambia



USD\$33M IP tackling climate impacts through:

- Climate-smart agriculture and alternative livelihoods
- Land and forest management practices to restore ecosystems
- Increasing private sector participation and market linkages for NbS-related enterprises



Dominican Republic

USD\$30M "Ridge to Reef" approach, in the Yuna Watershed focused on:

- Strengthening the institutional and regulatory framework for NbS
- Ecosystem restoration and conservation
- Nature-positive economic diversification

NPC has piloted approach to country engagement through a Capacity Development Program



Targeted Investment
Planning support for
NPC countries

NbS and TC
 presentations and IP
 support in Zambezi River
 Basin, the DR, Rwanda,
 Brazil and Egypt



Capacity and knowledge development on NbS for
NPC countries

- Regional NbS trainings for NPC govt partners
- Case studies and technical guidance



Awareness of NbS approach across CIF countries and partners

- 'Nature Series' webinars to showcase approved IPs
- exchanges between govt reps











