

"Protecting and Sustaining Zambezi River Basin Natural Ecosystem"

CLIMATE INVESTMENT FUNDS (CIF) NATURE, PEOPLE AND CLIMATE PROGRAMME (NPC)

ZAMBEZI REGION INVESTMENT PLAN

(MALAWI, MOZAMBIQUE, NAMIBIA, TANZANIA & ZAMBIA)

REPRESENTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF ZAMBIA

February 2025

PRESENTATION OUTLINE



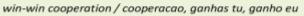


- Background
- Regional State of the Environment
- Stakeholder's Consultation
- National and Regional Climate Strategies; and NbS Efforts
- Program Description
- Financing Plan
- Potential Risks and Mitigation Measures
- Implementation Arrangements
- Outcomes and Sample Indicators













BACKGROUND

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- Fourth largest in Africa
- Eight riparian countries: Angola, Botswana, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Tanzania, Zambia and Zimbabwe
- 13 sub-basins
- Population is about 51 million















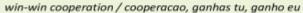
REGIONAL STATE OF THE ENVIRONMENT















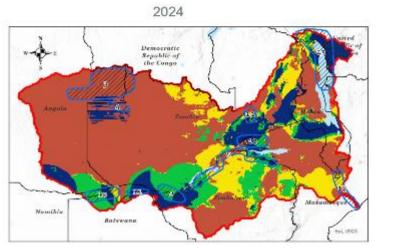
CLIMATE



SPI: Indicates mild metrological droughts in the basin

2015	2020
Notes Bemacratic Republic of the Congo	Democratic Republic of the Congo
Zaukin *	
	hozarowyu Numikin Bozzwena Mozarowyu

SPI Value	Interpretation
≥ 2.0	Extremely Wet
1.5 to 1.99	Very Wet
1.0 to 1.49	Moderately Wet
-0.99 to 0.99	Near Normal (No drought/wetness)
-1.0 to -1.49	Moderately Droughts
-1.5 to -1.99	Severely Dry (Severe Drought)
≤ -2.0	Extremely Dry (Extreme Drought)















AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND OTHER LAND USE



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	SECTOR	KEY ISSUES
	Forests, Wildlife and Biodiversity	 Forest degradation, human wildlife conflict, loss of habitat and indigenous forest species
	Land & Agriculture	 Land use changes (Forest loss ≈ 40-60%) Overdependence on rainfed agriculture: Agricultural land is 5.2m Ha, only 0.25m Ha irrigated (4.8%)
Bushland converted to agricultural Land, Tanzania	Water Resources	 Decreased water availability, wetland degradation, declining water quality





PEOPLE









Impacts of Climate Change on People

Climate change affecting water availability and fishing activities in the basin (Upper left: Mozambique; Lower right and Left: Namibia)









NATURE







Impacts of Climate Change to Nature

Upper: Reduced Flows at Chobe River (tributary of Zambezi River) - Border between Namibia and Botswana

Lower: Hippos stuck in a mud riverbed during the dry season



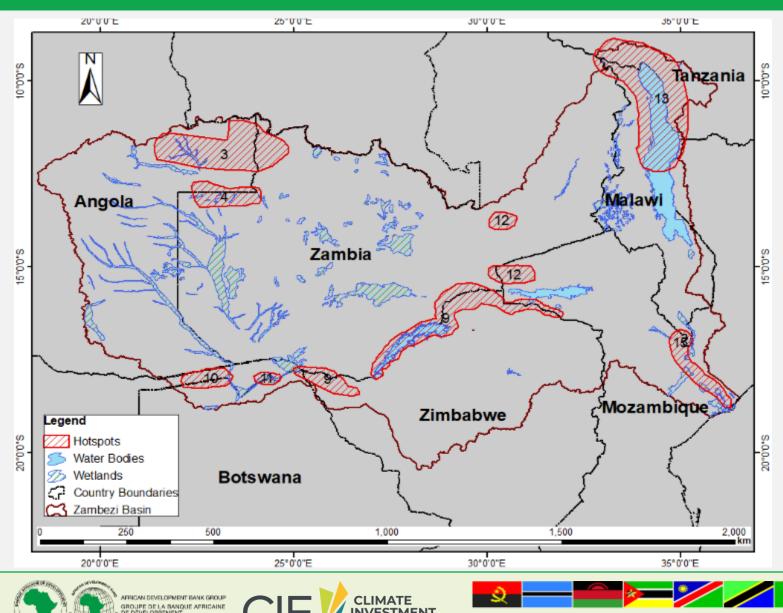








SELECTED TRANSBOUNDARY HOTSPOTS



- Regional IP to ensure an integrated, coordinated and holistic approach to management of the Zambezi River Basin shared resources
- Financing: Zambezi Region IP is basin-wide but CIF will finance the 5 CIF-Countries
- 8 transboundary hotspots

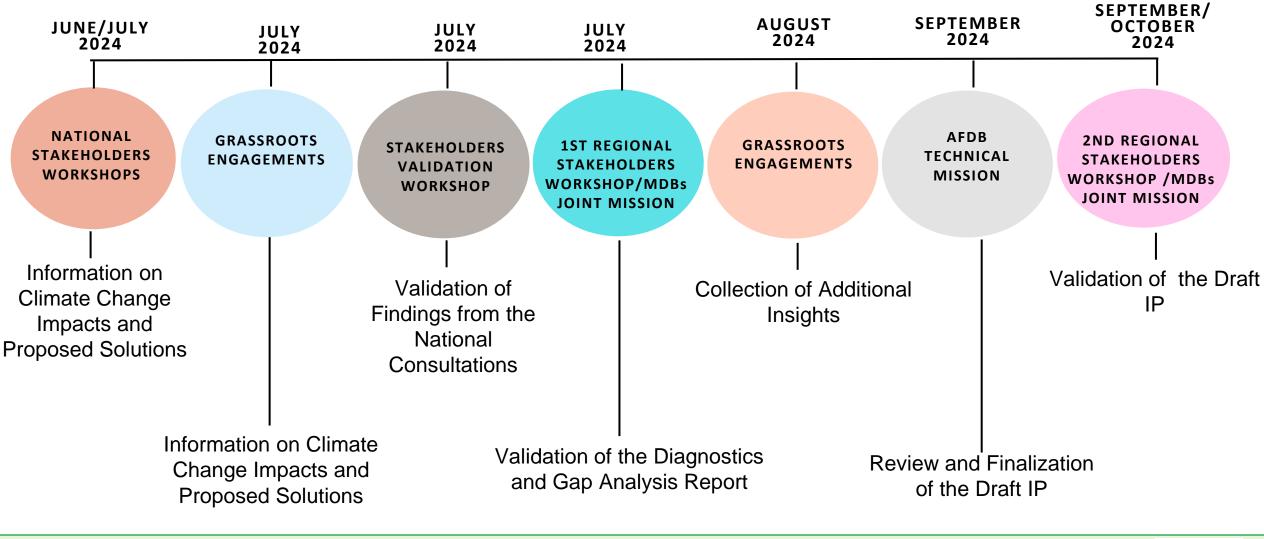




ZAMCOM

STAKEHOLDERS' CONSULTATION















STAKEHOLDERS' CONSULTATION





- **1 -** Rapid landscape (Net Mapping) approach
- **2 -** National Stakeholder's Workshop in Malawi
- **3 -** Farmer interview -Tanzania
- **4 -** Interview with bricks maker Tanzania











NATIONAL CLIMATE STRATEGIES

Country	Climate Change Strategy
Angola	National Strategy for Climate Change
	(2018 – 2030)
Botswana	Climate Change Response Policy (2018)
Malawi	National Climate Change Management
	Policy (2016)
Mozambique	National Climate Change Adaptation and
	Mitigation Strategy (2013–2025)
Namibia	National Climate Change Policy (2010)
Tanzania	National Climate Change Response
	Strategy (2021-2026)
Zambia	National Climate Change Policy (2026)
Zimbabwe	National Climate Change Policy (2016)

Common themes: Agriculture, Water Management and Energy Sector Adaptation to climate change



NDCs Targets (e.g. Zambia 25% by 2030)













- SADC Revised Protocol on Shared Watercourse: sustainable management and utilization of the shared water resources
- Zambezi Watercourse Commission (ZAMCOM) Agreement: Regional cooperation on the utilization, development and management of the common waters
- Intra-African, Caribbean and Pacific Global Climate Change Alliance Plus (GCCA+) Programme: Climate change adaptation and mitigation
- Strategic Plan for the Zambezi Watercourse (2018 2040): Pillar 2, 3 and 4













NATIONAL NbS EFFORTS

Country level NbS projects supported by different financiers (e.g. AfDB, World Bank, IDA, GCF, GEF)

Set aside 18% of their total land area as protected areas (gazetted forests and national parks)

70% of the protected areas are transboundary: Transfrontier Conservation Areas (TFCAs)

REGIONAL NbS EFFORTS



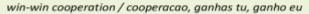
Programme for Integrated Development and Adaptation to Climate Change in the Zambezi River Basin (PIDACC Zambezi)

Strengthening Zambezi River Basin Management towards Climate Resilience and Ecosystem Health













IP DESCRIPTION: GOAL AND OBJECTIVES





Ob 1: Building an evidence-based design of NbS in the basin

Ob 2: Strengthening the enabling environment for sustainable uses of land, water and other natural Resources

GOAL: Contribute to the transformation of the Zambezi Region through NbS that accelerates climate actions to strengthen the resilience of communities and landscapes and to enhance mitigation

Ob 3: Strengthening nature-based resilience of landscapes and livelihoods in the basin

Ob 4: Enhancing naturebased mitigation through augmenting the ability of ecosystems to absorb and store carbon



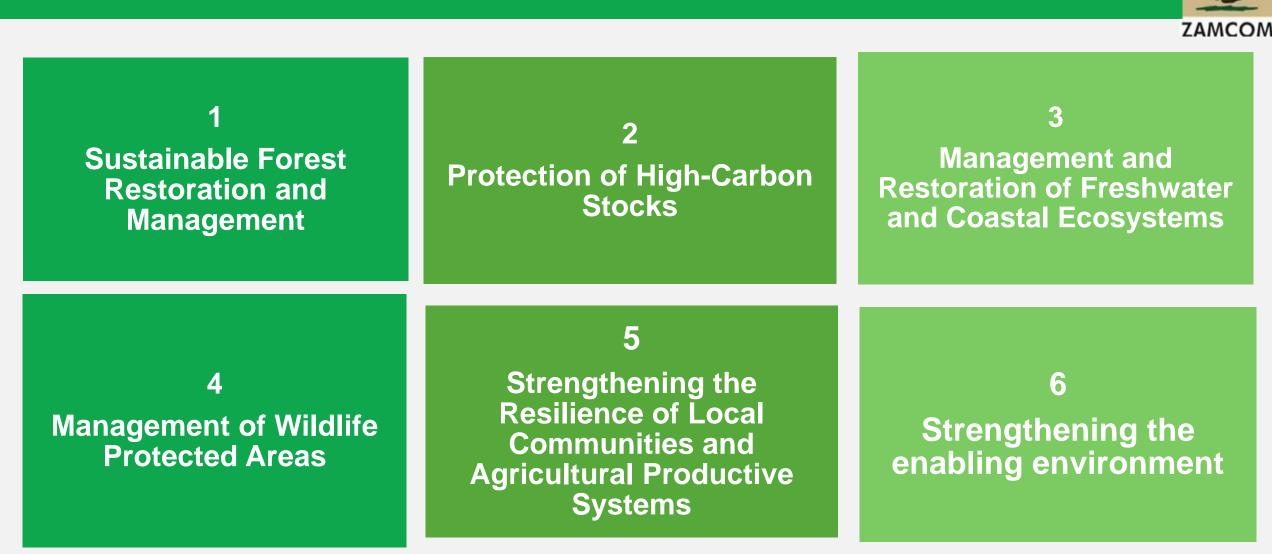








IP DESCRIPTION: NbS COMPONENTS













Nbs components in targeted hotspots



Hotspot	Forest	High- Carbon	Freshwater and Coastal	Wildlife Protected Areas	Agricultural	Enabling Environment
Cazombo/Mwinilunga (3)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
Cavuma/Manyinga (4)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
Livingstone/Kariba/Tete (9)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Kavanga/Zambezi Region (10)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
Katima Mulilo/ Kasane (11)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Luangwa/Zumbo (12)	\checkmark				\checkmark	\checkmark
Lake Banks (13)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Zambezi Delta (15)						\checkmark













Inclusive Participation Active involvement of women, youth and PWDs in decision making Promote Alternatives livelihoods Aquaculture (e.g. fish farming); agro-processing and value addition



Training Initiatives



Agroforestry, Ecotourism, climate-smart agriculture Targeted Financial Mechanisms

Enhance access to finance marginalized groups











IP ALIGNMENT TO CIF INVESTMENT CRITERIA

POTENTIAL FOR TRANSFORMATIONAL CHANGE

- Relevance: Relevant and aligned to the regional and national priorities and NDCs (e.g. ZSP)
- Systemic Change: Fundamental changes in governance, social and hydrological systems (e.g. Increased forest cover, enhanced institutional capacity)
- Scale: Climate-Smart Agriculture, scaled beyond the hotspots
- Adaptive Sustainability: Nature-based enterprises (e.g. eco-tourism, sustainable fisheries) will generate revenue while protecting ecosystems











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JUST TRANSITION CONSIDERATIONS

Unlocking opportunities through lowcarbon growth

- Strengthen Livelihoods (climate-smart agriculture, secures incomes)
- **Green jobs** (ecotourism, sustainable fisheries and renewable energy)
- **Build resilient Communities** (protecting homes, water sources, infrastructure)
- Equitable Access to Finance (benefit vulnerable communities)









PRIVATE SECTOR ENGAGEMENT

- Regional Timber Verification and Trade Authority: Reduce illegal logging and enable sustainable forest management
- Ecotourism and Hospitality: Eco-lodges and adventure tourism activities (E.g. marathons across conservation areas)
- Sustainable Aquaculture: Modern fish hatchery facilities







win-win cooperation / cooperacao, ganhas tu, ganho eu



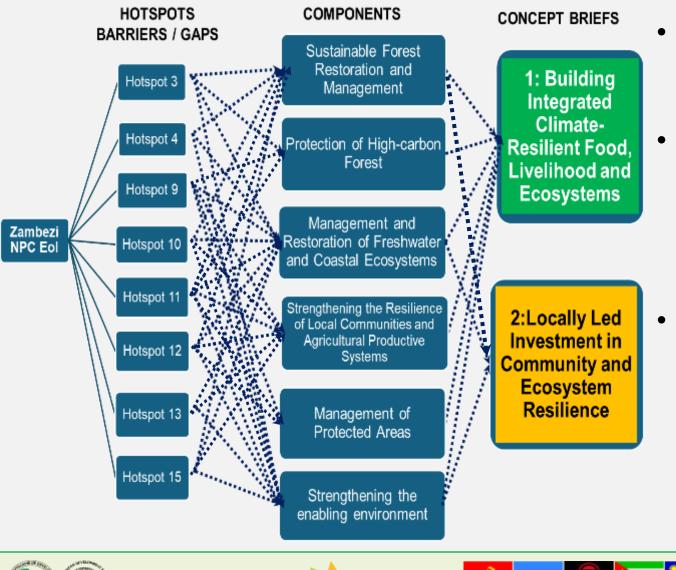


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PROGRAMME CONCEPTS



CLIMATE

AN DEVELOPMENT BANK GROUP

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- 2 programmes designed from 6 components and based on MDBs focus areas
- Programme 1 (AfDB)
 - \circ 8 countries
 - Promote integrated natural resources management and strengthen the resilience of local communities

Programme 2 (World Bank)

- $_{\odot}$ Scale-up the ongoing project in Malawi
- Enhance district-level disaster risk management planning
- Strengthen EWS and hydrometeorological capacity in the Region





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FINANCING PLAN



Concept/Programme	MDB Funding Amount (USD million)			CIF Funding Amount (USD million)				(US\$		
Name	Name	Loan	Grant	Total	PPG	Loan	Grant	MPIS	Total	million)
Concept 1: Building Integrated	AfDB	125.40	107.64							
Climate-Resilient Food, Livelihoods and Ecosystems in Zambezi River Basin (BREFOLE- ZRB)	AfDB Partners	36.00	119.00	388.04	1.00	11.68	26.32	1.40	40.40	428.44
Concept 2: Locally-Led Investments in Community and Ecosystem Resilience in Malawi with Regional Collaboration	World Bank	0.00	255.00	255.00	0.00	0.00	19.00	0.95	19.95	274.95
	Total	161.40	481.64	643.04	1.00	11.68	45.32	2.35	60.35	703.39

US\$ 703.39 million is based on the available resources











POTENTIAL RISKS AND MITIGATION MEASURES



Risk Category	Examples	Likelihood of Happening	Mitigation Measures
Legal and Regulatory Risks	Lack of frameworks or enforcement	L	Develop harmonized policies, legislation and regulatory frameworks
Financial Sustainability	Private sector may not fully engage with some of the (NbS)	L	 Supportive laws, regulations and incentives to encourage private sector involvement ZAMCOM, MDBs and Partners continue jointly marketing the IP
Social welfare	risks associated with livelihood losses	L	Retraining programs to prepare individuals for new job markets



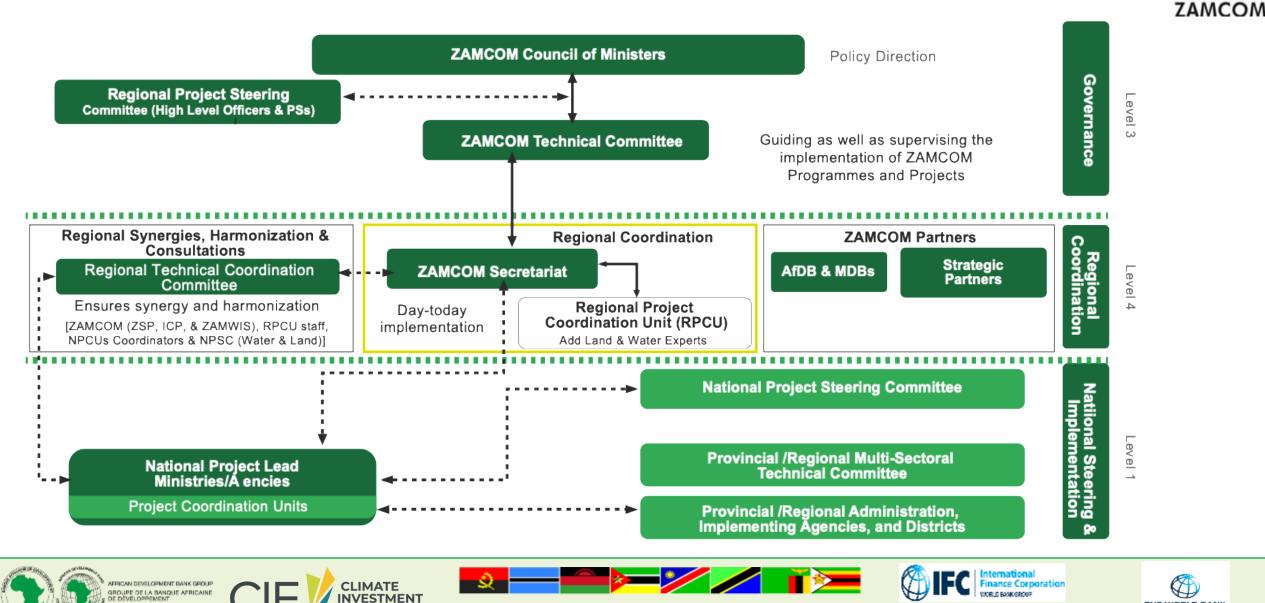








IMPLEMENTATION ARRANGEMENTS



win-win cooperation / cooperacao, ganhas tu, ganho eu



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EXPECTED OUTCOMES AND SAMPLE INDICATORS



OUTCOMES	INDICATORS
Mitigation Outcomes	
Strengthened land, fisheries and forest governance	Number of policies: Regional: 1; National: 8
Improved Forest management	GHG emissions reduced/avoided: 303 million tCO2 eq
Adaptation Outcomes	
Improved ecological resilience	Area of land covered by climate responsive natural resource management practices: 1.7 million Ha
Improved community resilience to climate change	Number of people receiving livelihood benefits: 2.3 million (50% women) Number of green jobs created: 19,958 (50% women, 20% Youth)
Co-Benefits	
Mobilized public and private capital	Volume of co-finance leveraged: Total - US\$643.04m (AfDB and World Bank)











THANK YOU!





Magnificent Aerial View of Victoria Falls along Zambezi River at Zambia / Zimbabwe Border









