

# **FOREST INVESTMENT PLAN (FIP)**

Investment Plan Preparation

**Scoping mission**

Quito, 27- 29 September, 2016

**Aide Memoire**

## I. Introduction

1. The scoping mission for the Forest Investment Plan (FIP) of the Climate Investment Funds (CIF) took place in the city of Quito, Ecuador, from 27 – 29 September, 2016. Participants to the mission included representatives from the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB), the World Bank (WB) and the Government of Ecuador (GoE):

**IDB:** Gloria Visconti (CSD/CCS), Cristina Villalba (CAN/CEC), Filippo Berardi (CSD/CCS), Pamela Ferro (CSD/CCS), Marisol Inurritégui (RND/CEC) and Lissy Velez (MIF/CEC).

**WB:** Gabriela Encalada

**CIF:** Inés Angulo

**GoE:** Francisco Prieto, Santiago García, Fernando Prieto, Diego Mora, Zack Romo, Gabriela Celi, Sandra Teran and Ximena Herrera (Undersecretariat of Natural Heritage, Ministry of the Environment – MAE). María Victoria Chiriboga, César Vaca and Cristina García (Climate Change Undersecretariat – MAE) and Ricardo Espinoza (Environmental Planning/International Cooperation – MAE).

2. The objectives of the mission were:

- Presenting the objectives of the FIP and the role of the preparatory resources for the elaboration of the Investment Plan (IP).
- Discussing how the IP will contribute to the implementation of the National Development Plan “Buen Vivir”, the national forest policies and legislation, the sustainable forest management regulations, the National Climate Change Strategy, the National REDD+ Strategy: REDD+ Action Plan “Bosques para el Buen Vivir”, the Intended Nationally Determined Contribution (INDC), governmental/sectorial priorities, national strategies/plans related to mitigation and adaptation to climate change.
- Presenting the Dedicated Grant Mechanism for indigenous peoples and local communities (DGM).
- Reviewing and discussing with the MAE the synergies between recent, ongoing and planned investments related to FIP, Multilateral Development Banks (MDBs), development partners and technical agencies.
- Reviewing and discussing with the MAE the link between the FIP and the Program “Socio Bosque”, the National Forest Monitoring System, the National Forest Control System Project, The National Reforestation Project (Forest Restoration Program) and reviewing and reviewing and discussing with the Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Farming, Aquaculture and Fisheries (MAGAP) the Program of Incentives for Commercial Reforestation.
- Discussing broad financing options for the IP, including linkages to the Green Climate Fund (GCF), the Global Environment Facility (GEF), bilateral programs and Government resources.

- Discussing and confirming stakeholder and key actors' engagement requirements, with careful expectations management.
  - Confirming procedures for accessing and using the preparatory grant resources.
  - Define the roadmap (key milestones and timetable for the elaboration of the IP).
3. The GoE has appointed the MAE as the technical focal point for the FIP. Accordingly, the organization of this mission was led and coordinated by representatives of this entity.
  4. The members of the mission held meetings with representatives of MAE, MAGAP, the Ministry of Finance (MINFIN) and representatives of institutions that are part of the REDD+ National Action Plan, sectional (local) governments, indigenous peoples and local communities, private sector, non-governmental and international donors linked to forestry issues in the country organizations. The agenda of the mission and lists of participants per session are included in Appendix 1 ("Anexo 1").
  5. The members of the mission would like to thank the team of the MAE for the organization of the mission and for their hospitality during their visit to Quito.

## II. Background

In May 2015 Ecuador was elected by the FIP Sub Committee to become a pilot country under the FIP Program following the recommendations of an independent panel of experts who selected the proposal submitted by the GoE through an expression of interest. In December 2015 the FIP Sub Committee approved the allocation of USD 250,000 for the elaboration of the IP. These resources will support the consultation and participation processes for the design of the IP and its articulation with the National REDD+ Strategy and the National Climate Change Strategy.

**FIP general objectives:** Supporting developing countries efforts to reduce emissions from deforestation and forest degradation and promoting sustainable forest management and enhancement of forest carbon stocks (REDD+), including:

- Promoting forest mitigation efforts, including protecting forest ecosystem services
- Providing support outside of the forest sector to reduce pressure on forests
- Helping countries strengthen institutional capacity, forest governance, and forest-related knowledge
- Mainstreaming climate resilience considerations and contributing to biodiversity conservation, protecting the rights of indigenous peoples and local communities, and poverty reduction through rural livelihoods enhancement.

The FIP addresses the underlying drivers of deforestation and forest degradation, as well as the barriers identified by upstream REDD+ programs such as those of the Forest Carbon Partnership Facility (FCPF), the Global Environmental Facility (GEF), UN Collaborative Programme on Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation in Developing Countries (UN-REDD Programme).

### **III. Summary of the discussions and conclusions**

#### **III.1 Mission opening and meeting with the MAE**

Following personal introductions by participants, the MAE representatives explained the content and operational details of several Plans / National Programs under development (detailed presentations can be found in Appendix 2 – “Anexo 2”):

a) National Plan “Buen Vivir (2013-2017)”

The National Plan Buen Vivir 2013-2017 is the general framework under which several major national environmental programs are being developed. Regarding environmental and social matters, the Plan aims at i) promoting equality, cohesion, inclusion and social and territorial equity; ii) building common spaces and strengthening national identity, different identities, national diversity and multiculturalism and guaranteeing the rights of nature and promote regional and global sustainability and promoting the transformation of the productive matrix.

b) National Incentives Program Socio Bosque, which aims to provide incentives for the conservation and protection of ecosystems. In this way it seeks to protect forests and their ecological, economic and cultural values; reduce rates of deforestation, emissions of greenhouse gases (GHG) emissions and improve the quality of life of rural populations.

c) National Forest Reforestation Program, developed under the approach of integration of afforestation and ecological recovery. This approach seeks to articulate fragmented ecosystems and achieve biological connectivity. It also seeks to facilitate trade flows of biodiversity and goods and services derived from ecosystems.

d) The National Forest and Biodiversity Monitoring System which tracks changes that occur in natural heritage areas caused by natural or human activities. Monitoring allows evaluating results of environmental public policies and REDD+ activities, providing a source of knowledge and information and official data on the state of the flora, fauna, biomass and carbon emissions from the forest sector.

e) National Forest Control System which aims at controlling the proper use, circulation and marketing of forest resources.

Following presentations by MAE, the objectives of the FIP, areas and investment criteria, gender issues, financial terms and next steps were presented (full presentation can be found in Appendix 3 – “Anexo 3”).

Relevant elements for the FIP IP :

Some points / considerations that can contribute to outline the work of the FIP in the country were identified:

- The most deforested and degraded areas of the country have been officially identified. This can help setting the areas of intervention for FIP.
- Official Information on gross and net deforestation and the state of forests by 2014 has also been established.
- The Government has proposed declaring 100,000 ha under the category of 'Forests and Vegetation Protection' by the end of 2017. Accordingly, how the FIP could contribute to the management of these areas could be explored.
- A first stage of a forest monitoring system is under way so the FIP could help strengthening its structure.
- As it is essential to ensure financial sustainability of the Socio Bosque Program, it is worth exploring how the FIP could contribute to this task.
- How Corporate Social Responsibility programs may be involved to ensure future capital for the Socio Bosque Program could also be explored.

### **III.2 Meeting with MAGAP**

The representative of MAGAP (Under-Secretariat of Forestry), Tania Villegas, introduced the Incentive System for Forest Plantations with commercial purposes. The program has the following objectives: (i) increasing the hectares devoted to plantation of timber products in areas of degraded or marginal land, (ii) increasing the amount of carbon sequestered in wood biomass and (iii) expanding credit access opportunities for commercial plantations. Specific details on operational aspects and progress of the program are included in the Appendix 4 (“Anexo 4”). The information provided by MAGAP will allow exploring potential contributions of FIP with the private sector.

### **III.3 Meeting with institutions linked to the design of the REDD+ National Plan**

The MAE Undersecretary of Climate Change, Maria Victoria Chiriboga presented the process that was carried out to develop the REDD+ National Action Plan. This Plan aims at contributing to national efforts to reduce deforestation and forest degradation through

conservation, sustainable forest management, and optimization of other land uses to contribute to the reduction of GHG emissions. Additionally, the Plan aims at mainstreaming climate change into national policies, assisting in the transition to sustainable production systems and exploitation of non-timber forest products and ensuring sustainability of conservation initiatives. The REDD+ National Action Plan will be formalized / published in late October (see Appendix 5 – “Anexo 5”).

#### **Relevant aspects for FIP**

The causes of deforestation and forest degradation have been identified. Priority areas for the implementation of measures and actions of the REDD+ National Action Plan have also been set.

Ecuador has established the focus and scope of environmental and social safeguards for REDD+ based on national context and circumstances. An information system to provide information on how safeguards are being addressed and respected safeguards will be available in early 2017.

Finally, the development of the REDD+ National Action Plan has consolidated an 'infrastructure' and active participation of key stakeholders (which has included a gender approach) that can be used for the FIP process.

#### **III.4 Meeting with international cooperation representatives**

Participating agencies briefly presented some of the projects within their portfolios that could be linked with interventions to be carried out by the FIP:

##### **UNDP**

The 'Targeted Support UN REDD+ (UNDP / UNEP / FAO)' that is supporting Ecuador to finalize REDD+ readiness phase in order to access results-based payments.

The small Grants Program “Biocorredores para el Buen Vivir” and the project on landscapes and wildlife for biodiversity protection.

##### **Italian Cooperation Agency**

The agency is executing the 'Amazon without Fires' project supported by CAF and the Brazilian Cooperation Agency. The project seeks to address the causes of deforestation, particularly agricultural practices that are not sustainable. Additionally, it seeks to strengthen the early warning system in areas susceptible to forest fires. Currently, the Italian-Ecuadorian fund is designing programs / projects for the coming years, which will respond to the priorities identified by the government of Ecuador, so potential synergies/opportunities with FIP activities could be explored.

### **GIZ**

GIZ is implementing the project 'Amazon Norte' and the program "Climate Change, Biodiversity and Development" (ProCamBío), a program for the conservation of forests and biodiversity and mitigation and adaptation to climate change. ProCamBío has focused on the coast and mangrove and its counterpart in the country is MAE. At the moment, GIZ is discussing the second phase of this program.

GIZ has also contributed with MAE on the following: i) the Socio Bosque Programme; ii) management, control and traceability forest; iii) generation of technical conditions to create the structure of REDD +; iv) support the activities of the Productive Transformation Agenda Amazon and v) sustainable livestock production (land reclamation).

On the other hand, GIZ is supporting MAGAP in the preparation of a 'Concept Note' on forestry to be presented to the GCF.

### **CAF**

CAF is working in forestry programs and projects for eco-efficiency of the timber industry. CAF is also supporting MAE on some aspects of the Socio Bosque Programme and other reforestation programs. CAF is an accredited agency of the GEF and GCF.

It was agreed that these institutions would provide more information to members of the mission in order to have more detailed information on the projects to identify potential synergies with the FIP.

### **III.5 Meeting with the private sector**

The private sector representatives shared their experiences in four sectors:

**1. Palm Oil Sector:** the ANCUPA representative, Jorge Troy, presented the work done on certification under the Roundtable for Sustainable Palm Oil - RSPO to assist in reducing deforestation caused by this sector which corresponds to 3 % of deforestation nationwide. Current undergoing efforts to transition from a certification model by producer to a certification model by territorial area were also highlighted.

**2. Timber:** the representative of AIMA, Christian Riofrio, stressed the importance of creating stockpiling facilities points and "clusters" to increase the value chain efficiency and facilitate the initial processing and storage of lumber. The importance of partnership among communities to facilitate access to credit was also mentioned.

**3. Cocoa and naranjilla:** WIÑAK representatives (Freddy Shiguango) and Sacha Laran Association (Hermes Licuy) shared their experiences of sustainable production and marketing in these sectors, including positive foreign trade experiences.

### **III.6 Meeting with representatives of indigenous peoples, local communities and civil society**

Representatives of indigenous peoples indigenous and local communities, civil society and regional governments shared ongoing forestry projects and activities in which they are involved. Members from Conservation International, WWF, COKIWA, RIA, COICA, ROJPL, Hivos and Amazon Vision attended this session.

The information and experience provided may serve to identify potential synergies with the FIP.

### **IV. Next steps and agreements**

Members of the mission noted six potential investment areas prioritized in the REDD+ National Plan:

- A. Planning and land use tools
- B. Conservation, reforestation and biotrade or “bio-entrepreneurship”.
- C. Agroforestry systems for cocoa, coffee and sustainable livestock.
- D. Traceability, certification and responsible procurement for free deforestation timber
- E. Sustainable forest management (forest control, traceability, certification and responsible procurement for illegal logging free wood).
- F. Sustainable and deforestation-free production (RSPO and others).

They also discussed the means and opportunities to make a more efficient and ‘catalyst’ use of the FIP funds and reached to the following preliminary conclusions:

#### **Potential FIP interventions:**

**Control and traceability:** the possibility that FIP funds are used to support activities to strengthen the operations of timber transportation control was discussed. Establishing a national system of traceability to ensure the legality of the origin of timber resources was also discussed. Given the nature of this activity, it was concluded that it might be more suitable to finance it through grant resources and not reimbursable resources. This particular issue will be discussed internally by the MAE.

Finally, facilitating access to certification for timber and non-timber products for both national and international markets to strengthen sustainable forest management was discussed.

**Forest products value chains:** a possible line of action could be related to the strengthening of small producers of timber and non-timber so they can get monetary and non-monetary incentives such as credit lines, technical assistance, establishing partnerships, adding value to products through sustainable practices, or reducing intermediaries. To do this, establishing stockpiling facilities centers could be important to streamline the process (e.g. initial processing and storage of timber) and to generate more profits through the final sale value.

The creation of technological poles or "clusters" to integrate the business and add more value to the product of origin was also discussed.

**Socio Bosque Program:** MAE aims to maintain active and operating the Socio Bosque program. The possibility of using part of the FIP funds to support the program was discussed.

**Transition to sustainable production systems:** the main driver of deforestation is the expansion of the agricultural frontier. FIP funds could support the transition to sustainable and deforestation-free farming systems.

A tentative timeframe of activities to meet the deadline of October 2017 for the approval of the Ecuador Investment Plan was agreed (see timeframe below).

Finally, the following tasks were agreed:

1. Hiring a consultant to support the MAE in the preparation of the Investment Plan (Estimated date: end of October). Responsibility: IDB.
2. Accessing grant resources for the preparation of the Investment Plan (estimated application: end of October).
3. Letter to the FIP Sub- Committee communicating the progress of the Investment Plan according timeframe below.

Quito, September 29th, 2016

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María Victoria Chiriboga  
Climate Change Undersecretary  
Ministry of the Environment  
Environment

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Santiago García  
National Forestry Director  
Ministry of the

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Gloria Visconti  
Climate Change Specialist  
Inter-American Development Bank Group

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Gabriela Encalada  
Environmental Specialist  
World Bank

**Tentative Timeframe for the elaboration of the Investment Plan**

<b>Sections / PI Annex</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Specific Task</b>	<b>Responsible</b>
<b>Sections 1-5</b>	October – November 2016	Text	Banks and MAE
<b>Section 6 and Annexes 1-4</b>	December 2016-February 2017	Text + investment projects' concept notes (Annex 1 and rational that support them in Section 6)	Banks and MAE
<b>Technical Mission</b>	End of February		
<b>Sections 1-6 and Annexes 1-4</b>	<b>Last week of February / First week of March 2017</b>	<b>Regional workshops to share progress on the IP design</b>	MAE - Banks
<b>Sections 7 - 9</b>	March 15 <sup>th</sup> , – April 15 <sup>th</sup> 2017	Text	MAE- Banks
<b>Sections 1-9/Annexes</b>	April 1 <sup>st</sup> , 2017	First complete IP draft (1st version)	MAE-Banks
<b>First joint mission</b>	First week of May	Discussion on pending issues and finalization of the first IP draft	MAE – Banks
<b>Complete IP Draft (2<sup>nd</sup> version)</b>	Mid May 2017 (before May 24th)	<b>National Socialization Workshop</b>	MAE
<b>Complete IP draft (3<sup>rd</sup> version)</b>	June 1th 2017	Inclusion of National Workshop inputs	Banks and MAE
<b>Complete IP draft (4<sup>th</sup> version)</b>	June 15 <sup>th</sup> -30th 2017	Review of complete IP draft	Banks and MAE
<b>Second Joint mission</b>	Mid July 2017	Validation of IP latest draft	IDB coordinates with MAE and WB
<b>Complete IP draft (5<sup>th</sup> version)</b>	August, 1 <sup>st</sup> 2017	IP Publication (MAE website)	MAE
<b>Complete IP draft (6<sup>th</sup> version)</b>	August 10th-25 <sup>th</sup>	IP revision by independent reviewers	Hiring by CIF AU
<b>Complete IP draft (6th version) and Annex 5</b>	August 25th- September 10th	Inclusion of comments in IP and Annex 5 received online (via website) and from independent reviewers	MAE
<b>Final IP version</b>	September 15th-30th	IP translated into English	IDB hires translator
<b>Final IP version in English</b>	October 1st	Submission of the IP to CIF AU	IDB

## ANEXO 1

### AGENDA MISIÓN EXPLORATORIA QUITO, 27-29 OCTUBRE

**27 de septiembre de 2016:**

HORA	ACTIVIDAD	PARTICIPANTES	LUGAR
09:00	Apertura Misión Representante BID	Equipo BID	BID. Sala reuniones Representante
09:30	Coordinación Misión	Equipo BID Equipo BM	BID. Sala principal piso 9
10:00	Apertura de Misión y Reunión con el Ministerio de Medio Ambiente (MAE)	Miembros de Misión, MAE	BID. Sala principal piso 9
12:30	Almuerzo		
14:00	Reunión con el Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería, Acuacultura y Pesca (MAGAP)	Miembros de Misión, MAE, MAGAP	Swissotel, Saint Moritz A
15:30	Reunión con los actores institucionales vinculados con la parte del diseño del Plan de Acción Nacional REDD+	Miembros de Misión, MAE, Representantes de instituciones partes del Plan de Acción Nacional REDD+	Swissotel, Saint Moritz A
18:00	Cierre Primer Día		

**28 de septiembre de 2016:**

HORA	ACTIVIDAD	PARTICIPANTES	LUGAR
09:00	Reunión con Representantes de Cooperación Internacional que participan en actividades relacionadas al FIP	Miembros de Misión, MAE, Representante de Agencias de Cooperación Internacional	Swissotel, Neuchatel 2

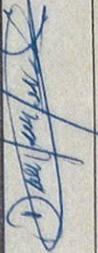
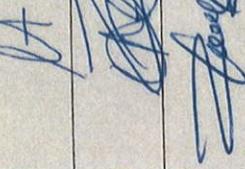
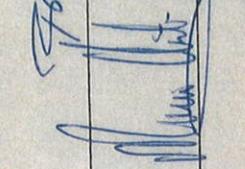
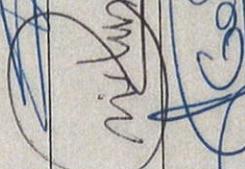
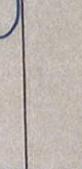
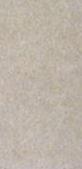
10:30	Reunión con Representantes del Sector Privado	Miembros de Misión, MAE, Representantes del Sector Privado	Swissotel, Neuchatel 2
12:30	Almuerzo		
14:00	Reunión con Representantes de Poblaciones Indígenas Comunidades Locales y ONGs	Miembros de Misión, MAE, Representante de Poblaciones Indígenas Comunidades Locales y ONGs	Swissotel, Neuchatel 2
16:00	Reunión de coordinación de la misión	Miembros de Misión, MAE	Swissotel, Neuchatel
17:00	Cierre Segundo Día		

**29 de septiembre de 2016:**

HORA	ACTIVIDAD	PARTICIPANTES	LUGAR
09:00	Reunión con Ministerio de Finanzas	TBC	TBC
11:00	Discusiones sobre siguientes pasos	Miembros de Misión, MA	BID. Sala piso 8
12.30-14.00	Almuerzo		
14.00 – 17.00	Cierre de la misión: conclusiones y firma de Ayuda de Memoria	Miembros de Misión, MAE	BID. Sala piso 8

I.

Lugar: Reunión MAE  
FECHA: 23. 9. 2016  
HORA: 10: 00 - 12: 30

No.	NOMBRE	CARGO	ENTIDAD	EMAIL	NO. DE TELÉFONO	FIRMA	Int. Inf. BID(S)
1	Diego Mora	Especialista	MAE	dawaldo.mora@mae.gob.ec	39987600		
2	Cristina Villalba	ESP. OP	BID	cristinavil@iadb.org	2996900		
3	Marisol Inurritegui	Esp. RPNN	BID	marisolim@iadb.org	2996900		
4	IVES ANGULO	ESP. FIP	CIF / FIP	ianyulo@worldbank.org	-		
5	Ricardo Espinoza	Coordinador de Coop. Internacional	MAE	ricardo.espinosa@mae.gob.ec	0987418745		
6	Fernando Paicor R.	Cooperación Alternativa	MAE	fernando.paicor@mae.gob.ec			
7	Francisco Preto	Subsecretario	MAE	francisco.preto@mae.gob.ec	3987600 ext. 1401		
8	Maria Victoria Chibogos	Subsecretaria	MAE	maria.chibogos@mae.gob.ec	3997600 ext. 1303		
9	César Vaca	Director Financiero(s)	MAE	cesar.vaca@mae.gob.ec	3987600 ext. 1313		
10	Cristina García	Exsecretaria Administración	MAE/SCC	cristinagarcia@mae.gob.ec	3987600 ext. 1309		
11	Santos Gómez	Director Forestal	MAE	santos.gomez@mae.gob.ec	3987600 ext. 1405		
12	Dock Romeo	Gerente./PSB	MAE	holguer.como@mae.gob.ec	3987600 ext 1401		





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## BANCO INTERAMERICANO DE DESARROLLO - REPRESENTACIÓN EN ECUADOR

TEMA: TD/HAGAP

FECHA: 22/09/2016 .

HORA:

No.	NOMBRE	CARGO	ENTIDAD	EMAIL	NO. DE TELÉFONO	FIRMA	Int. Infor. BID(S/N)
1	Mario J Inostroza	Especialista RR NN	BID	marioj@ bids.org	2996900		
2	Santiago Gómez	Director	TD/HAGAP	sgomez@hagap.gob.ec	099847720		
3	Denisse Dánchez	Analista Coop. Int.	HAGAP	dsanchez@ hagap.gob.ec			
4	Ana Karina Aguirre	Lider Proy. Teledeatos	MDAAP-CEGSI	aaaguilera@maegp.gob.ec	0994090101		
5	Joy Wolfson	Gerente ATPA	MA6AP	awolfson@ ma6ap.gob.ec	0997588905		
6	Francisco Pichu	Subsecretaria SPPN	MAE	francisco.pichu@ ambiente.gob.ec	39871600 ext. 1401		
7	Maria Victoria Chiriboga	Subsecretaria C.C.	MAE	mariachiriboga@ ambiente.gob.ec	3994600 ext. B02		
8	Santiago García	Director Forestal	MAE	santiago.garcia@ ambiente.gob.ec	7967600 ext. 1145		
9	Cristina García	Especialista Hidrocarburos	MAE	cristinagarcia@ ambiente.gob.ec	ext. 1309		
10	Gaudia Gómez	Especialista Dron y Control	MAE / DUT	gaudia.gomez@ ambiente.gob.ec	ext 1411		
11	Ximena Herrera	Coordinadora SNMB-SUJA	MAE	ximena.herrera@ ambiente.gob.ec	2547600 0983149000		
12	Carlos Morales	Coor.Tecn.	MAE / PNR	carlos.morales@ ambiente.gob.ec	0992631477		
	Diego Bustamante	Especialista Control	MAE-DNF	fernando.bastidas@ ambiente.gob.ec	0992326991		



Lisly Viver

BID/FORTIN

lissv@iadb.org

Felipe BERAZO

BID

MD

Pamela Ferro

MD

BID

Soldin Gómez

MAGAP/Asoc. Forestal

MM

Sharán López Cor

Directora  
MACAP Coop. MHI

MM

TANIA VILLEGAS

MACAP

MM

GLORIA V. SISON

SECRETARIA  
(S)

MM

Gabriela Celi

Socio Bosque / HAE

MM

Gabriela Celi

Socio Bosque / HAE

MM

Socio Bosque / HAE

MM





BANCO INTERAMERICANO DE DESARROLLO - REPRESENTACIÓN EN ECUADOR  
EVENTO FIP

FECHA: SEPTIEMBRE 28, 2016 / HORA: 10H30-12H30

LUGAR: SWISSOTEL / SALON NEUCHATEL 2

EVENTO NO.:E04216/ No. PROYECTO: / Dirección de entidad participante: VARIAS

No.	NOMBRE	CARGO	ENTIDAD	EMAIL	NO. DE TELÉFONO	FIRMA
1	Hanuel Shiguango	Técnico Comunicación	COKIWA	manushig.ec@gmail.com	0994539398	
2	Fredy Shiguango	Coordinador General	Asoc.- Winak	2 fredy shig@ymail.com info@winak.org.ec	062889028 0995770371	
3	Hermes Liary	Representante Socio Jurídico	Kichwa	hermesliury@ymail.com	067018300	
4	Karina Montañez	Especialista en Adm. Forestal.	MAE	Karina.montanez@ambiente.gob.ec	0984349558	
5	Jairo Ochoa	Espec. al Cesa Normativa Forestal	MAE	plana.odeoa@hacienda.gob.ec plana.odeoa@ambiente.gob.ec	3987600 ext. 1411	
6	DAVIO PALPERS	Coordinador	MAE	david.palperts@ambiente.gob.ec	0993495006	
7	Diego Mora	Delegado	MAE / SPN	otvaldo.mora@ambiente.gob.ec	3987600 Ext 1411	
8	F. Piero R.	Coordinador	MAE- SPN	vene.prieto@ambiente.gob.ec		
9	CEAR Vaca	DIRECTOR MITIGACION (s)	MAE- SCC	cesar.vaca@ambiente.gob.ec	3987600 ext. 1313	
10	Jorge A. Troya	ANUCPA	Director Ambiente RSPO	Jtroya@anucpa.com		
11	Santiago García	Director Forestal	MAE	Santiago.Garcia@ambiente.gob.ec		
12	Christian Ristic	Directo Técnico	AIMA	director@aima.org.ec	0993338136	



BANCO INTERAMERICANO DE DESARROLLO - REPRESENTACIÓN EN ECUADOR  
EVENTO FIP

FECHA: SEPTIEMBRE 28, 2016 / HORA: 10h30-12h30

LUGAR: SWISSOTEL / SALON NEUCHATEL 2

EVENTO NO.:E04216/ No. PROYECTO: / Dirección de entidad participante: VARIAS

No.	NOMBRE	CARGO	ENTIDAD	EMAIL	NO. DE TELÉFONO	FIRMA
13	Aristina Villalba	Especialista Operaciones	BID	aristinav@bid.org	299690	af.
14						
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Banco Interamericano de Desarrollo

**BANCO INTERAMERICANO DE DESARROLLO - REPRESENTACIÓN EN ECUADOR**  
**EVENTO FIP**

**FECHA:** SEPTIEMBRE 28, 2016 / **HORA:** 14H00-18H00

**LUGAR:** SWISSOTEL / SALON NEUCHATEL 2

**EVENTO NO.:** E04216 / **No. PROYECTO:** / **Dirección de entidad participante:** VARIAS

No.	NOMBRE	CARGO	ENTIDAD	EMAIL	NO. DE TELÉFONO	FIRMA
1	Francklin Morelina	Presidente	G. A. Unidad de Confianza e line. Com.	0968124044	0968124044	
2	Valeria Lirein Enrique Pinedo.	Representante.	ROJPL	valeizeth@gmail.com	0996880088	
3	Rodríguez de la Cruz	Asesor	Colca	rodriguez@colca.ec	0991955109	
4	JOSÉ RIVAS	Coord. Bosques	WWF	jorge.rivas@wwf.org.ec	0983510522	
5	Tintah truh	Coordinador	COICA - CONSEJERÍA	0939049945	0939049945	
6	GERIETO URIBA	DIRECTOR TÉCNICO	CONSEJERÍA INTERNACIONAL-ECUADOR	russoa@consejeria.org	0984887847	
7	Milton Collera	Coord. Técnico Ecuador - Perú	Coica	kasak197@gmail.com	0996022984	
8	Doris Ortiz	Representante en Ecuador	HIVOS	doritz@hivos.org	0999664235	
9	VERONICA ALVARADO	Gerente de Desarrollo Programa	Hivos	valverado@hivos.org	099002196	
10	Autoridad Gobernación	Tecnico Colca	Colca	garcia.villegas@ministerio.gov.ec	099280304	
11	Licencia España	Coordinador	Le Loop International	nicanor.espinosa@ambiente.gob.ec.	0987418735	
12	Walter Soto	Técnica	MAE/SCC	mariasantym@yahoo.com	0999100013	



**SUBSECRETARIA DE PATRIMONIO NATURAL**



**VISIÓN**

El patrimonio natural del Ecuador es valorado como un recurso estratégico para el desarrollo sostenible del país y contribuye en la eliminación de la pobreza.

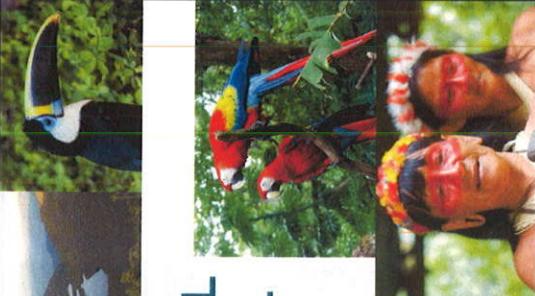
**MISIÓN**

Ejercer en forma eficaz y eficiente la rectoría de la gestión ambiental promoviendo la participación activa y responsable de la ciudadanía en la sostenibilidad de los procesos de conservación y uso sostenible del patrimonio natural.





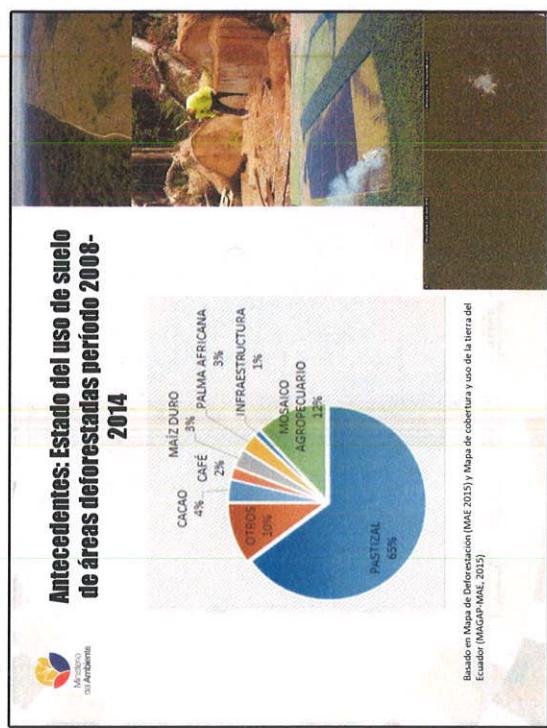
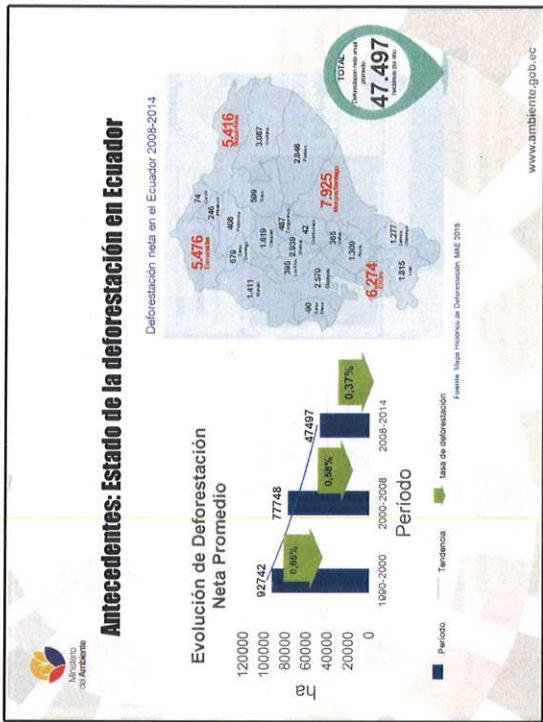
**MINISTERIO DEL AMBIENTE DEL ECUADOR**

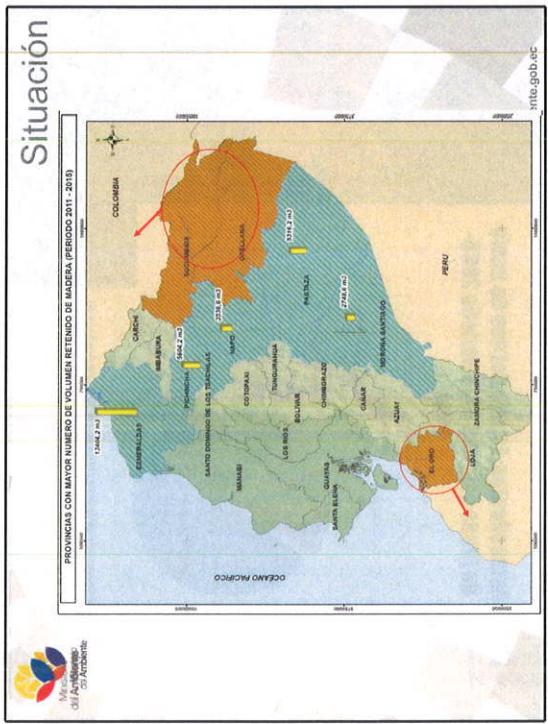
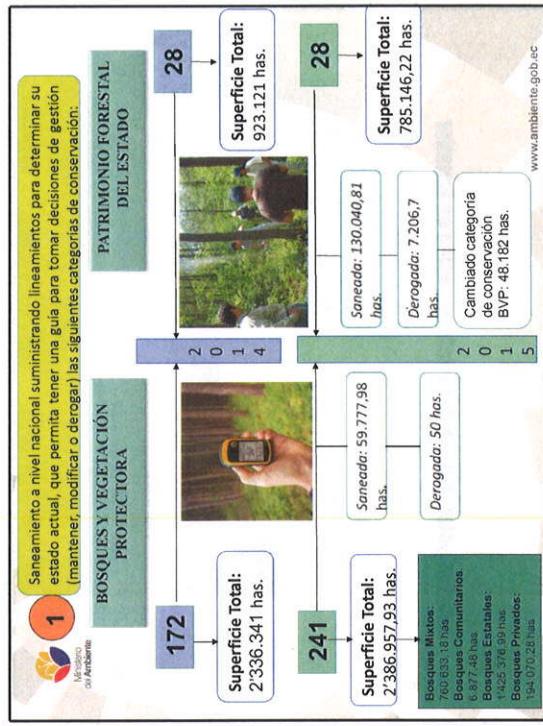
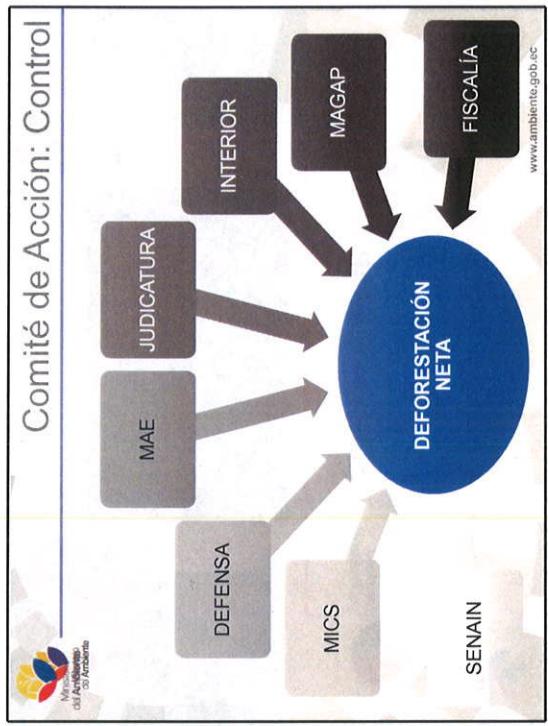


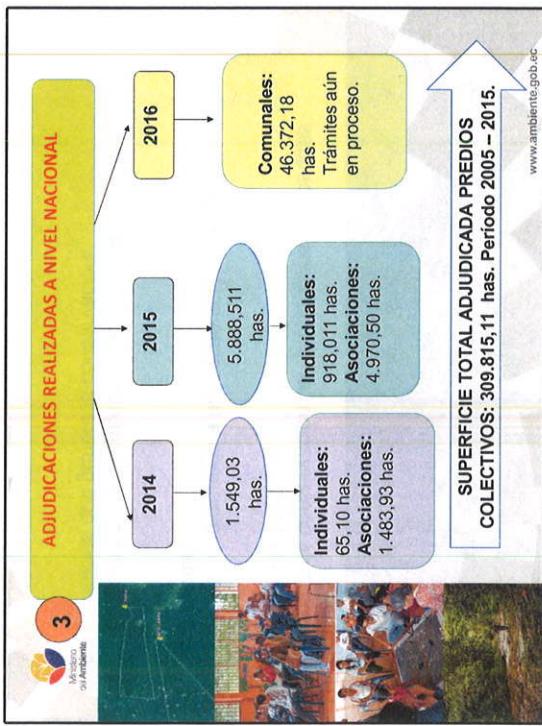
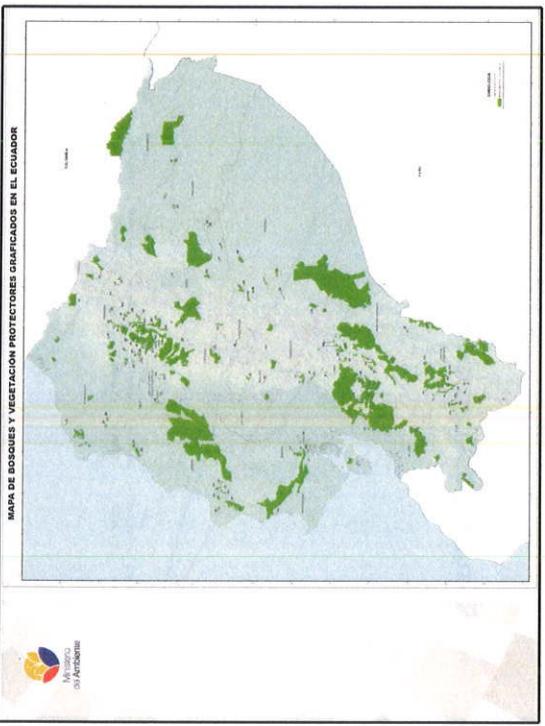
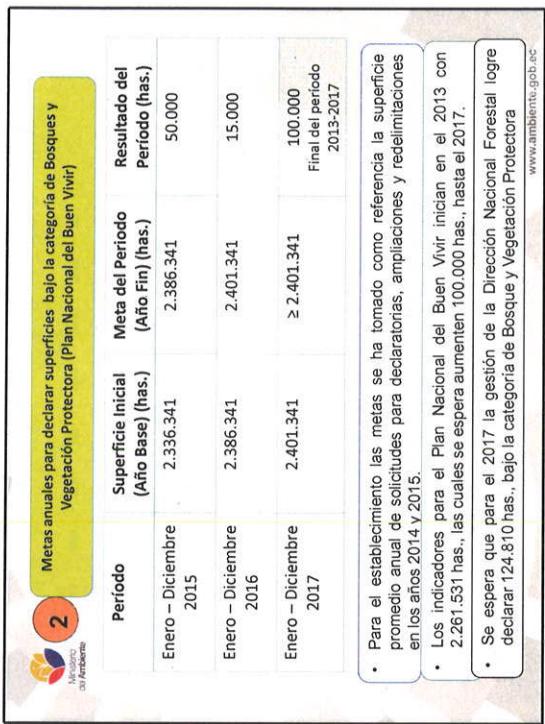
2016













► Acuerdos de conservación con propietarios de bosques nativos y páramos.

► Incentivo condicionado a la conservación y protección de los ecosistemas.

► Mecanismo para el reconocimiento y participación directa en los beneficios que genera la conservación.

- Proteger los bosques y sus valores ecológicos, económicos y culturales (4 MM has).

**Objetivos:**

- Reducir las tasas de deforestación y las emisiones de Gases de efecto invernadero asociadas
- Mejorar las condiciones de vida de las poblaciones Rurales (aprox. 500 M personas)

[www.ambiente.gob.ec](http://www.ambiente.gob.ec)

## Resultados a Diciembre 2015

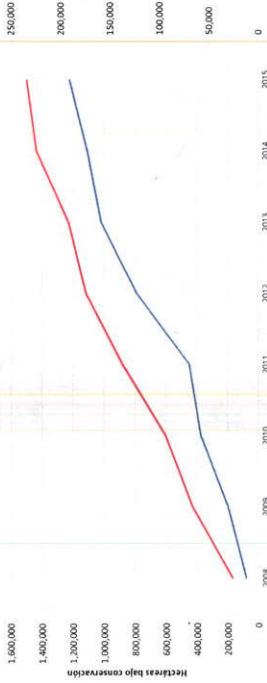


Número de Convenios Suscritos



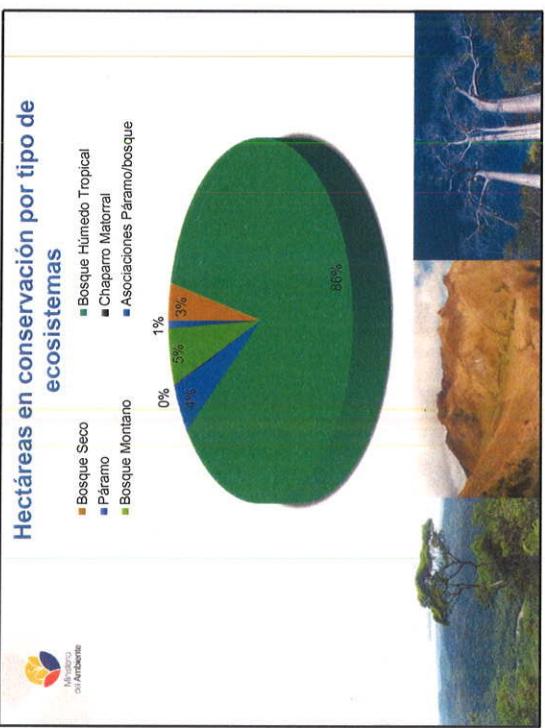
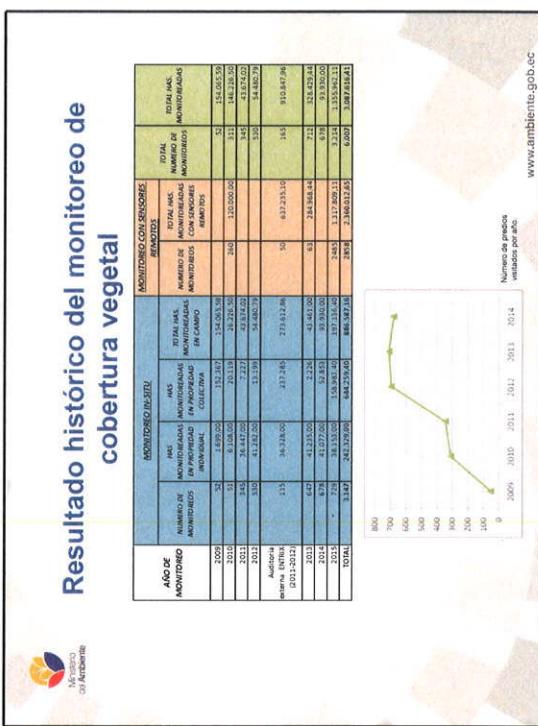
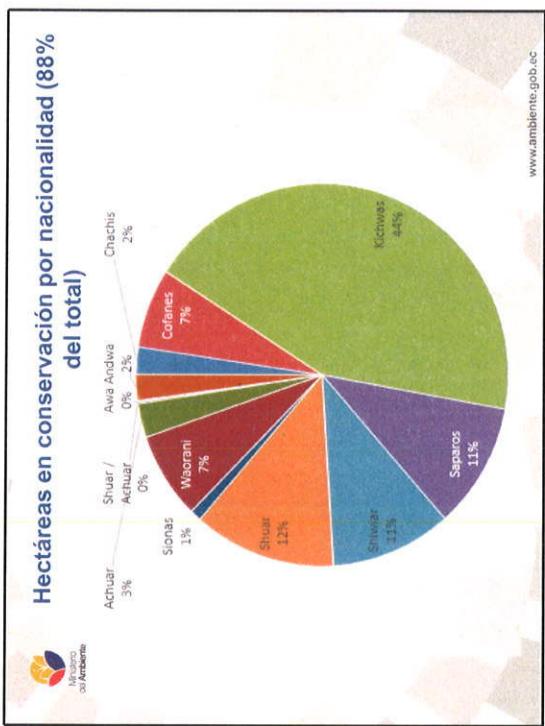
[www.ambiente.gob.ec](http://www.ambiente.gob.ec)

## Resultados Alcanzados a Septiembre 2016

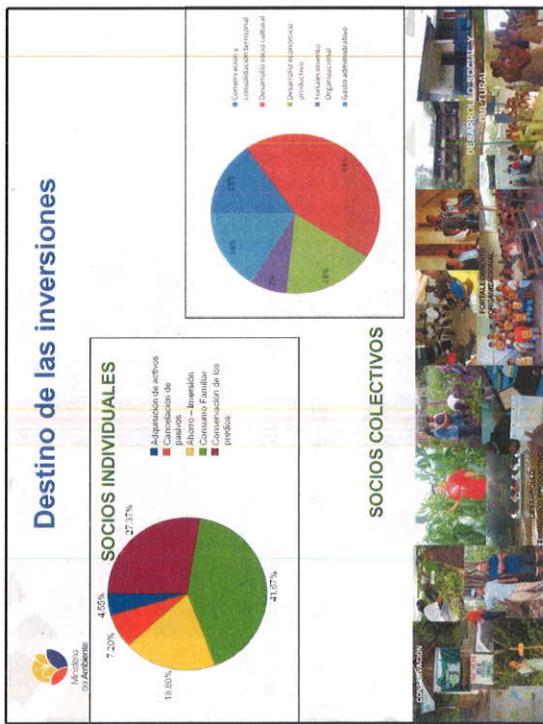
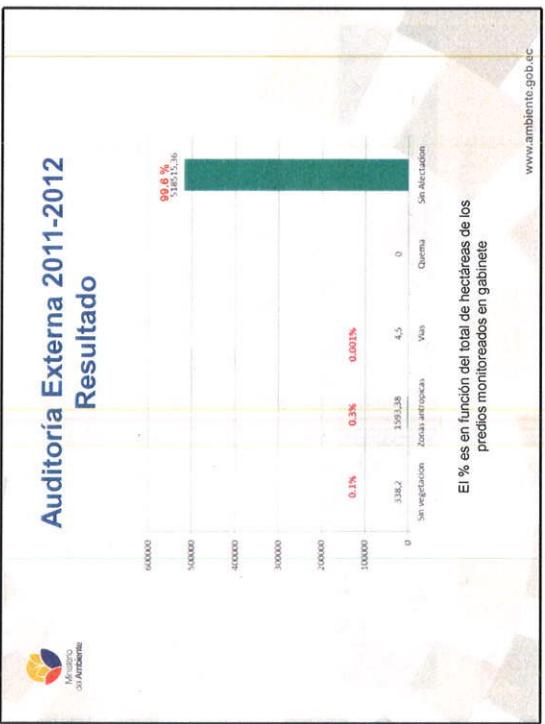
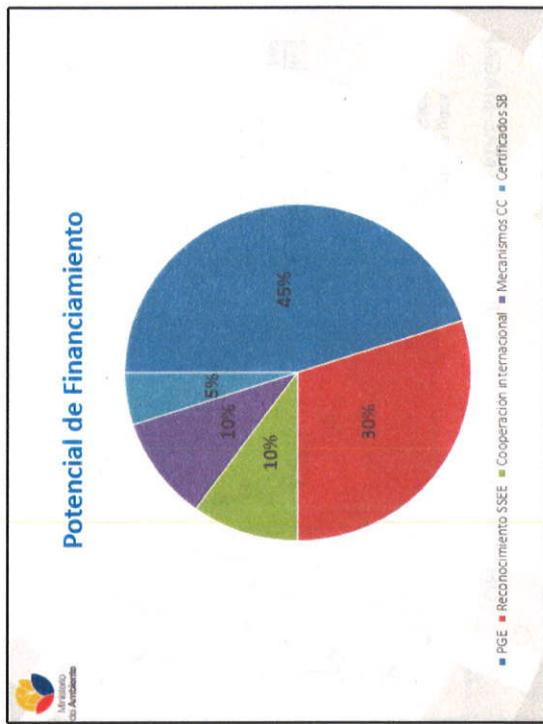


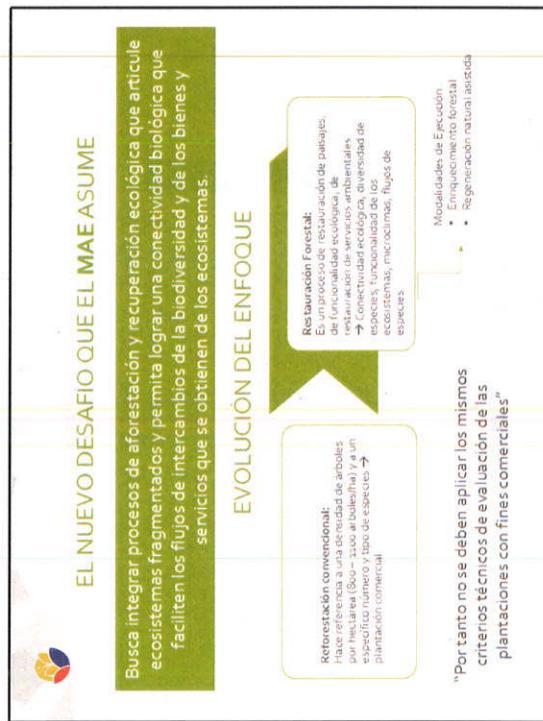
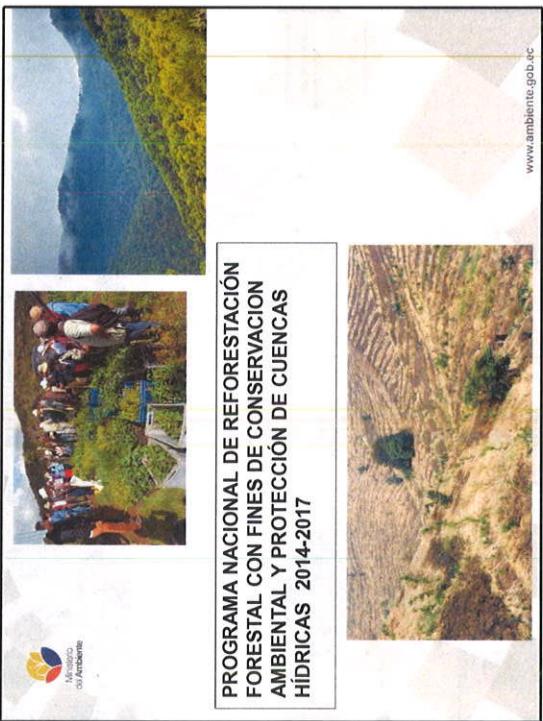
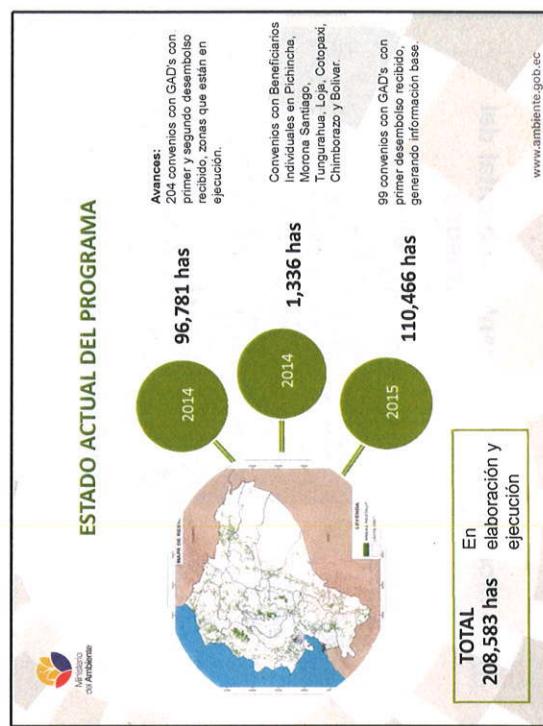
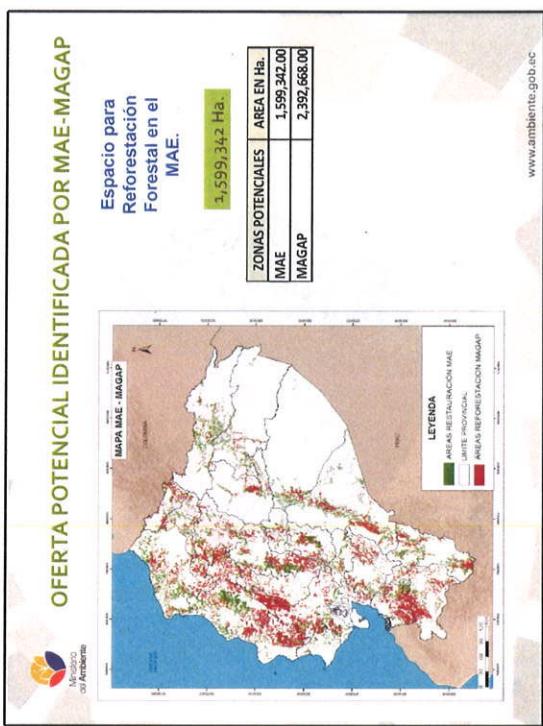
[www.ambiente.gob.ec](http://www.ambiente.gob.ec)

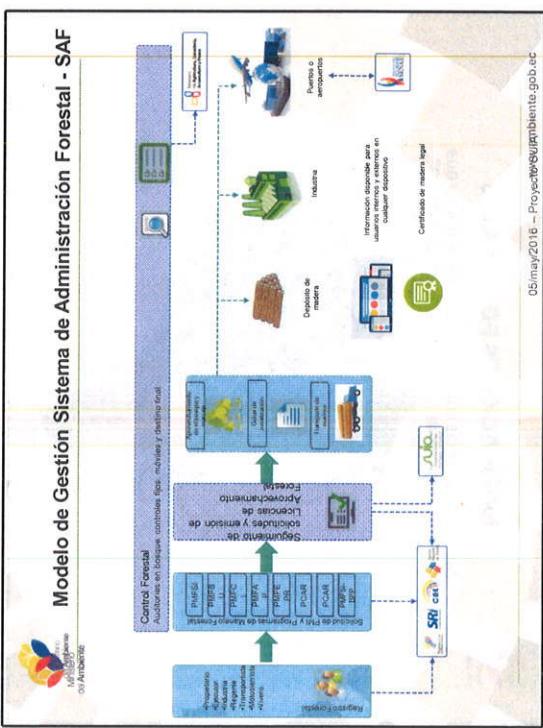
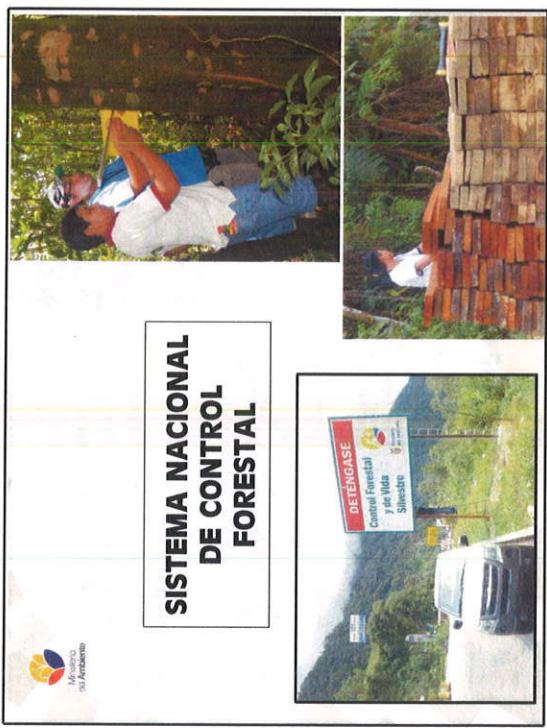












## VERIFICACIONES FORESTALES

Mapa de provincias que poseen Bosque Nativo y que han sido priorizadas para la evaluación de PMF y PC.

[www.ambiente.gob.ec](http://www.ambiente.gob.ec)

## PUESTOS FIJOS DE CONTROL FORESTAL

Verificación documental y física de los productos forestales que circulan a nivel nacional; esta información es comprobada a través del SAT.

Actualmente existen 14 Puestos Fijos de Control Forestal (PFC) distribuidos estratégicamente en las principales vías del país y se cuenta con 28 inspectores forestales.

**Resultados 2011 - 2016:**  
Producto forestal revisado: 6.132.160,63 m<sup>3</sup>.  
Producto forestal retenido: 28.291,95 m<sup>3</sup>.

**Puestos Fijos Control**

\* VOL. REVISADO \* VOL. RETENIDO

[www.ambiente.gob.ec](http://www.ambiente.gob.ec)

## UNIDADES MÓVILES DE CONTROL FORESTAL

Verificación documental y física de los productos forestales que circulan a nivel nacional en vías de mayor tráfico de productos forestales y de vida silvestre, donde no existen PFC.

Actualmente se cuenta con 5 unidades móviles de control forestal, distribuidas estratégicamente en las principales vías del país.

**Resultados 2011 - 2016:**  
Producto forestal revisado: 192.300,45 m<sup>3</sup>.  
Producto forestal retenido: 15.381,10 m<sup>3</sup>.  
Retenciones de vida silvestre: 61 retenciones.

**Unidades Móviles Control**

\* VOL. REVISADO \* VOL. RETENIDO

[www.ambiente.gob.ec](http://www.ambiente.gob.ec)

## AUDITORÍAS EN DESTINO FINAL

Verificaciones mediante inspecciones a depósitos e industrias forestales para determinar el origen legal y destino final de los productos forestales.

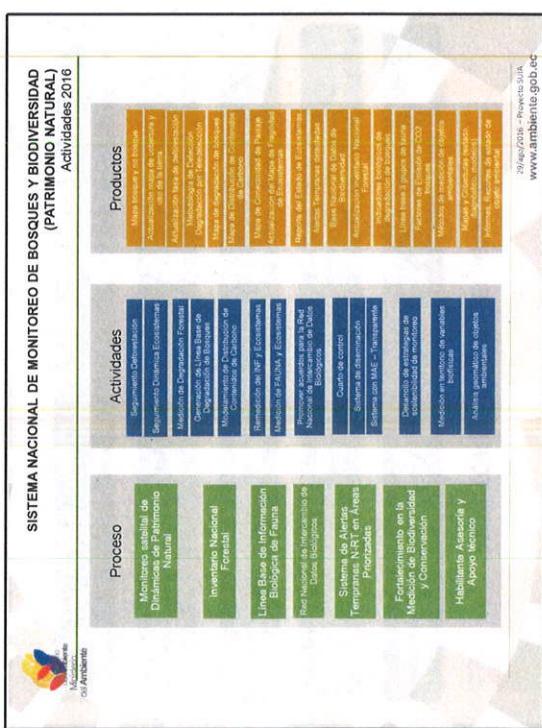
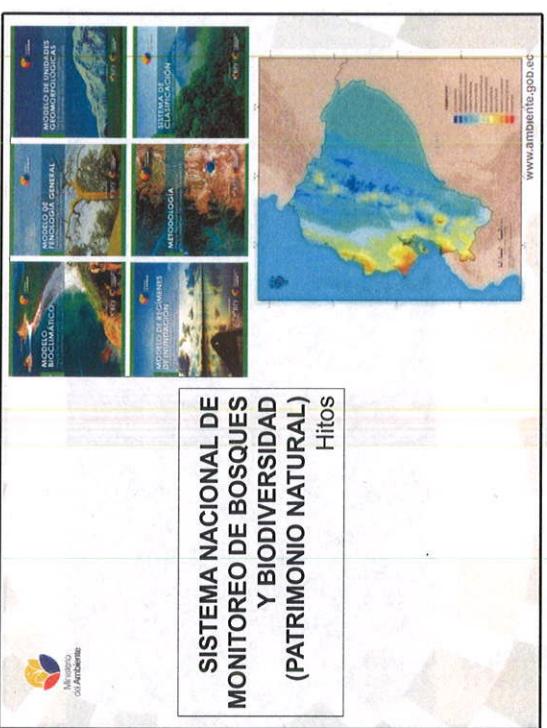
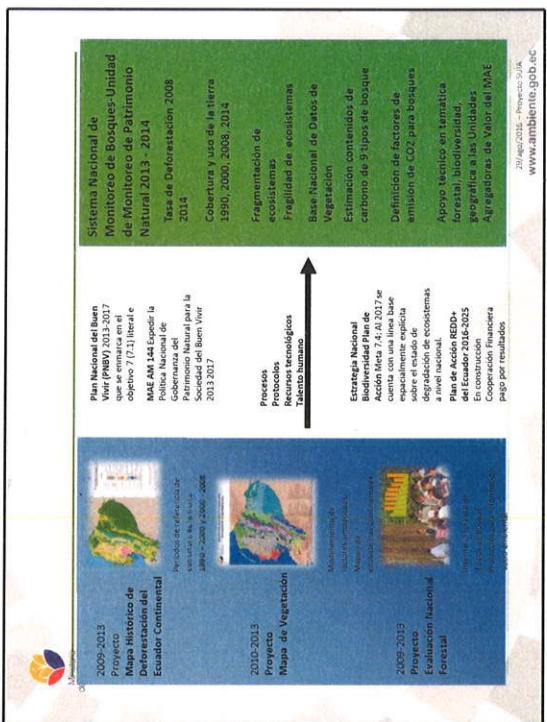
Actualmente se cuenta con 12 supervisores forestales para Destino Final, distribuidos en las principales provincias de destino de los productos forestales.

**Resultados 2014 - 2016:**  
Producto forestal revisado: 85.924,78 m<sup>3</sup>.  
Producto forestal retenido: 7.046,47 m<sup>3</sup>.

**Destino Final**

\* VOL. REVISADO \* VOL. RETENIDO

[www.ambiente.gob.ec](http://www.ambiente.gob.ec)



**IMPORTANCIA DEL MONITOREO**

**Solicitud voluntaria de la Convención Marco de las Naciones Unidas para el Cambio Climático a los países que participan de la implementación de REDD+.**

**Requisito para participar de mecanismos financieros de desarrollo con bajas emisiones**

**Optimización de talento humano y recursos para evaluar ecosistemas**

[www.ambiente.gob.ec](http://www.ambiente.gob.ec)

**MONITOREO COMO HERRAMIENTA**

**Instrumento que permite dar seguimiento a cambios en el patrimonio natural por actividades naturales o antrópicas**

**Instrumento nacional para evaluar resultados de la política pública ambiental y de actividades REDD+ por distintos actores e instituciones**

**Instrumento plantea del conocimiento biológico, ecológico y de paisaje entre academia – gobierno – sociedad civil**

**Fuente de información sobre el sector forestal, estructura de ecosistemas y servicios ecosistémicos**

**Información oficial sobre flora, fauna, biomasa, carbono y emisiones del sector forestal**

[www.ambiente.gob.ec](http://www.ambiente.gob.ec)

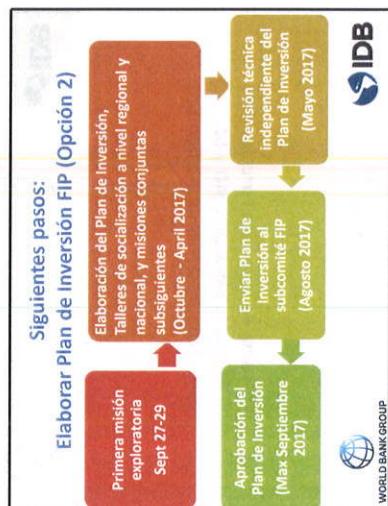
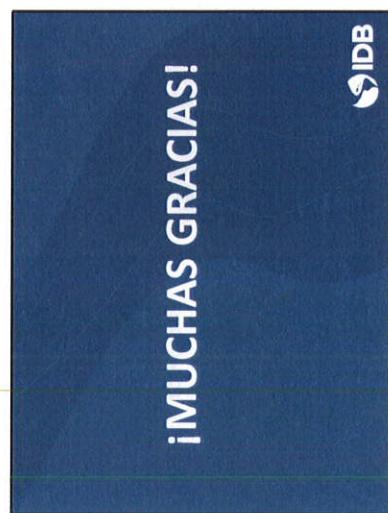
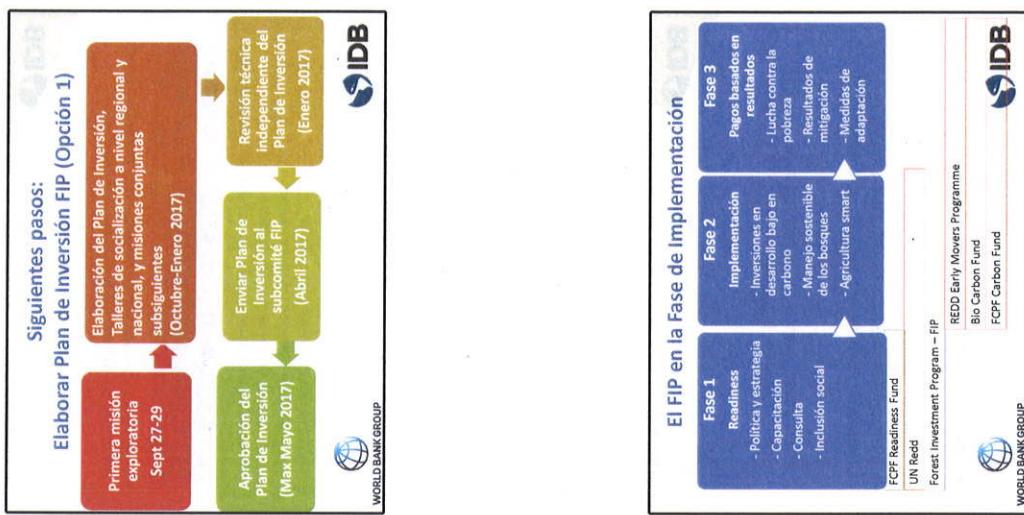
**GRACIAS  
POR SU  
ATENCIÓN**

*Un compromiso del Gobierno con el clima, los bosques y su gente*

[www.ambiente.gob.ec](http://www.ambiente.gob.ec)

## ANEXO 3

<p><b>Propósito del FIP</b></p>  <p>Programa de Inversión Forestal (FIP) Misión exploratoria BID y BM Quito, Ecuador 27-29 de septiembre</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Respaldar los esfuerzos de los países para reducir las emisiones debidas a la deforestación y la degradación forestal</li> <li>➢ Financiar actividades destinadas a abordar las causas fundamentales de la deforestación y la degradación de los bosques</li> </ul> <p>WORLD BANK GROUP</p>	<p><b>Áreas de inversión</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Capacidad institucional, gobernanza de bosques e información</li> <li>➢ Inversión para medidas de mitigación forestal, incluyendo servicios eco-sistémicos forestales</li> <li>➢ Inversiones fuera del sector forestal para reducir la presión sobre los bosques</li> </ul> <p>WORLD BANK GROUP</p>	<p><b>Términos Financieros</b></p> <p>US\$24 M en total para inversiones FIP</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* \$3.15 M Donación (No Reembolsable)</li> <li>* \$20.85 M Préstamos. (Reembolsables)</li> <li>* Términos de los préstamos para operaciones del sector público:</li> </ul> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Maturity</th> <th>Grace Period</th> <th>Principal Repayments Net 4x-10</th> <th>FY Service Charge</th> <th>Grant Element</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>FIP loan</td> <td>40</td> <td>10</td> <td>2%</td> <td>4%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>➢ US\$4.5 mill adicionales para el Mecanismo de Donación Específico (DGM) por poblaciones indígenas y comunidades locales</p> <p>WORLD BANK GROUP</p>	Maturity	Grace Period	Principal Repayments Net 4x-10	FY Service Charge	Grant Element	FIP loan	40	10	2%	4%
Maturity	Grace Period	Principal Repayments Net 4x-10	FY Service Charge	Grant Element								
FIP loan	40	10	2%	4%								
<p><b>Criterios de Inversiones del FIP</b></p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Potencial de mitigación del cambio climático</li> <li>• Potencial de demostración a escala</li> <li>• Efectividad de costo</li> <li>• Potencial implementación</li> <li>• Integración con el Desarrollo Sostenible (Co-beneficios)</li> <li>• Cumplimiento de salvaguardias ambientales y sociales</li> </ul> <p>WORLD BANK GROUP</p>	<p><b>Género en FIP</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plan de Acción de Género del CIF</li> <li>• Documentos de diseño del FIP: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Procesos inclusivos y participación de las mujeres</li> <li>- Promoción de la igualdad de género</li> <li>- Medición de los avances y resultados de género</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>WORLD BANK GROUP</p>											



**¿DE DONDE SE PARTIÓ?**

Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería, Acuacultura y Pesca

- Aproximadamente 2.000 ha de plantaciones al año hasta 2013.
- Inexistencia de líneas de crédito forestal
- La gobernanza de plantaciones forestales compleja y desfavorable a la producción.
- La temática forestal no prioritaria como política de estado.

**¿CÓMO FUNCIONA?**

Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería, Acuacultura y Pesca

El incentivo forestal es una transferencia económica de carácter no reembolsable para:

- \* Personas naturales,
- \* Personas jurídicas,
- \* Comunidades,
- \* Asociaciones,
- \* Cooperativas Productivas.

**Sistema de incentivos para Plantaciones Forestales con fines comerciales**

Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería, Acuacultura y Pesca

**Especies incentivadas**

Área disponible 2'616.546 ha

57.9% son nativas y el 42.1% son exóticas

Nombre común	Nombre científico
Ciprés	Cupressus macrocarpa
Pino	Pinus sp.
Eucalipto	Eucalyptus sp.
Ajánobo	Astrocaryum inaequale
Teca	Tectona grandis
Chuncho	Chionanthus cordigerus
Fernán Sánchez	Triplaris cumingii
Laurí	Cordia alliodora
Melina	Grewia occidentalis
Balsa	Ochroma pyramidalis
Cutanga	Paria multiflora
Jacarandá	Jacaranda copaia
Bethalo	Schizolobium parahyba
Allio	Aniba acuminata
Cachoo	Ficus elastica
Aguacate	Persea americana

### ¿DÓNDE ESTAMOS?

Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería, Acuacultura y Pesca



- Competencia de plantaciones asumida por el MAGAP.
- Más de 57.000 ha. de plantaciones forestales inscritas.
- PIIF está establecido por ley para un período de 30 años.
- Sector priorizado como una de las 4 líneas de cambio de matriz productiva
- Aprovechamiento forestal simplificado y sin costo.
- Modelo de gestión acorde al negocio forestal.

### RESULTADOS POR ESPECIES

Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería, Acuacultura y Pesca

	Superficie acumulada total (ha)**
Teca (Tectona grandis)	37.81%
Melina (Gmelina arborea)	21.87%
Balsa (Ochroma sp.)	18.95%
Pino (Pinus radiata y patula)	9.81%
Otras especies	11.56%
<b>100%</b>	<b>52.395,28 ha</b>

\* A nivel nacional desde el 2013 a 2015

### ¿CÓMO FUNCIONA?

Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería, Acuacultura y Pesca



Presentación de propuesta



Pago después de 1 AÑO



Revisión documental



Resolución aprobatoria



Inspección de campo

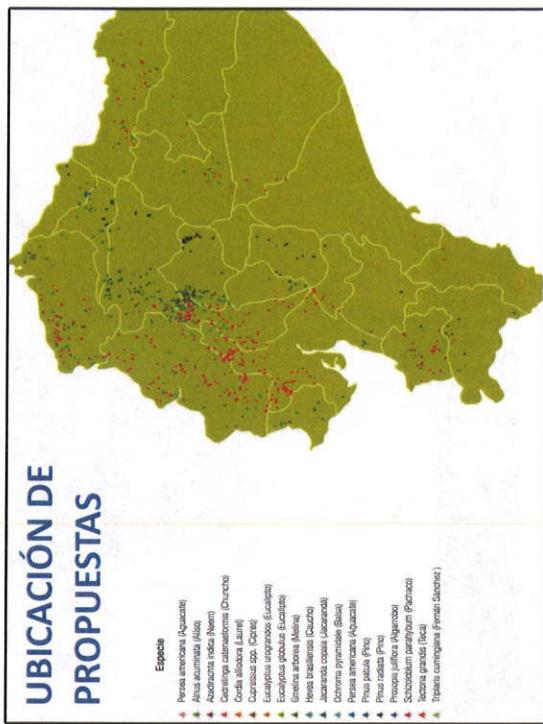


APROBACIÓN DE PROPUESTAS DE REFORESTACIÓN

### RESULTADOS

Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería, Acuacultura y Pesca

#### PROGRAMA DE INCENTIVOS PARA LA REFORESTACIÓN CON FINES COMERCIALES



**SOBREVIVENCIA POR ESPECIE**

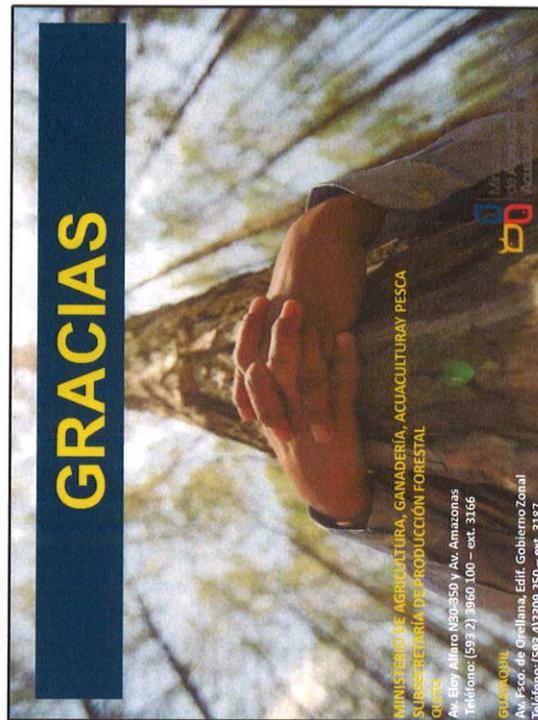
Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería, Acuacultura y Pesca

Especies	Sobrevivencia (%)
Cauchío ( <i>Hevea brasiliensis</i> )	99,56
Pino ( <i>Pinus patula</i> )	96,76
Chuncho ( <i>Cecropia catenaeformis</i> )	96,74
Pino ( <i>Pinus radiata</i> )	92,27
Eucalipto ( <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i> )	91,60
Melia ( <i>Gmelina arborea</i> )	90,93
Teca ( <i>Tectona grandis</i> )	90,20
Aliso ( <i>Alnus acuminata</i> )	84,36
Balsa ( <i>Ochroma spp.</i> )	80,88
Laurel ( <i>Cordia alliodora</i> )	78,73

**A DONDE VAMOS?**

Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería, Acuacultura y Pesca

Aumento de masa forestal a 120.000 ha, hasta el 2017.	Un millón de hectáreas al 2035.	Material genético superior gestionado y desarrollado en Ecuador.	Exportaciones de productos forestales con mayor valor agregado.
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MINISTERIO DE AGRICULTURA, GANADERIA, ACUACULTURA Y PESCA  
SUBSECTOR DE PRODUCCIÓN FORESTAL  
Quito  
Av. Elío Alíro N30-350 y Av. Amazonas  
Teléfono: (593 2) 3960 100 - ext. 3166  
**Guayaquil:**  
Av. Fco. de Orellana, Edif. Gobierno Zonal  
Teléfono: (593 4) 2309 250 - ext. 3187

**CRÉDITOS DESTINADOS AL SECTOR FORESTAL**

Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería, Acuacultura y Pesca

Aprobados \$ 53.105.879	Desembolsados \$ 28.094.263
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Fuente: Gerencia Nacional de Control de Gestión Corporación Financiera Nacional, del 2011 al 2015

**LÍNEAS DE INVESTIGACIÓN PLANIFICADAS**

Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería, Acuacultura y Pesca

- Diseño de protocolos de prospección de árboles plus.
  - Identificación, caracterización y selección de árboles plus.
  - Pruebas de propagación.
- Árboles superiores identificados.
- Ensayos de procedencia-progenie instalados (origen local y foraneo).
- Ensayos de procedencia-progenie instalados (origen local y foraneo).
- Certificación de fuentes semilleras.

**BOSQUES PARA EL BUEN VIVIR**

**Plan de Acción REDD+ del Ecuador**

**2016 – 2025**

Ministerio del Ambiente del Ecuador  
Subsecretaría de Cambio Climático  
Quito, septiembre de 2016

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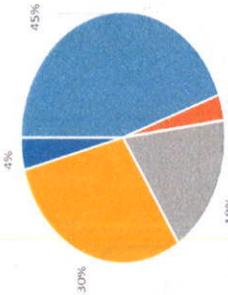
**Contenidos**

1 Antecedentes
2 Plan de Acción REDD+
3 Planes de Implementación de Medidas y Acciones REDD+

[www.ambiente.gob.ec](http://www.ambiente.gob.ec)

**Antecedentes: Emisiones de Gases de Efecto Invernadero del Ecuador, 2010**

80.504,23 Gg CO<sub>2</sub>-eq (0,18% emisiones globales)



Sector	Porcentaje
Energía	45%
Procesos industriales	3%
Agricultura	30%
USGS	18%
Desechos	4%

[www.ambiente.gob.ec](http://www.ambiente.gob.ec)

**BOSQUES PARA EL BUEN VIVIR**

**Plan de Acción REDD+ del Ecuador**

**2016 – 2025**

Ministerio del Ambiente del Ecuador  
Subsecretaría de Cambio Climático  
Quito, septiembre de 2016

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**ANTECEDENTES**

[www.ambiente.gob.ec](http://www.ambiente.gob.ec)

